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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine-Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Dr. Juniper's Experience.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"If you please, uncle," said Nanny Juniper, "I would like to speak to you."

Old Doctor Juniper dropped his newspaper in dismay; the spectacles tumbled off his nose.

"You don't mean to tell me," said he, "that them cider-bar'ls sprung a leak or rot?"

"No, uncle," said Nanny, nervously, plucking the frill of her apron, and changing color as she spoke.

"Then the red cow is got astray," groaned the doctor. "It does beat all how careless the neighbors are about their bars."

"The red cow is all right, uncle," said Nanny. "It's about myself that I want to speak."

Dr. Juniper drew a long breath of relief.

"Oh!" said he, "about yourself? Well, if it is a new dress, you've had two already since Thanksgiving Day, and if you want to take lessons of the wax-flower woman, I think it's all stuff and nonsense. So there! Just hand me the paper, Nanny, there's a good girl, and see what a nice blueberry dumpling you'll make me for dinner."

"Uncle," persisted Nanny, "I don't think you understand. I—I am not satisfied!"

"Not satisfied?" repeated the doctor, opening his small blue eyes to their utmost capacity.

"I should like you to pay me wages," went on Nanny; "because, uncle—don't you see?—I am doing all the work of the house, and saving you the expense of a hired girl, and I haven't a penny that I can call my own; and if it's ever so small an allowance, uncle, don't you see that it would save me the mortification of coming to you for every yard of tape and paper of needles that I want?"

"Nonsense!" roared the doctor.

"I shouldn't ask for it uncle, if I did not feel I deserved it," pleaded Nanny.

"Rubbish!" said her uncle.

"Six dollars a month isn't such a great deal of money," urged Nanny. "And I have lived here eight years for nothing, you know."

"For nothing, eh?" said Doctor Juniper, severely. "I s'pose your board and lodging don't count; nor yet your clothes. Ah, the parson was right when he preached, last Sunday week, about the rank ingratitude of the human race. There never was anything like it—never!"

"Of course I'm very much obliged for all that you have done for me, uncle," said Nanny, "but I'm two-and-twenty now, and I really feel that I can earn a little money of my own. And if you think six dollars is too much, I shall be very thankful for five."

"Ah, indeed?" said Doctor Juniper, satirically. "Quite moderate, I'm sure! But, you see, our ideas don't exactly agree. If you ain't satisfied with things as they be, you're welcome to better yourself."

"Uncle!" cried Nanny, her blue eyes brimming over with tears.

"What I say I mean," said Doctor Juniper, resuming the study of his newspaper. "And now I'd like the chance to read a spell afore I go out into the maple pasture."

And, surreptitiously eyeing her departing figure over the rims of his glasses, the old man chuckled to himself:

"I calc'late I've settled that business. Wages, indeed! Times has come to a pretty pass when my own niece wants wages."

As for Nanny, she went quietly into the kitchen, where she prepared the fowl for roasting, made a little bread sauce for it, concocted her uncle's favorite blueberry pudding, and then retreated upstairs, where she packed the little trunk which had once belonged to her mother, and whose surface was decorated with "A. J."—for Antonietta Juniper—in brass nails.

"I can't live so," said Nanny. "My boots are all patches, and Uncle Juniper thinks two pairs a year are enough for anybody. My dresses aren't fit to be seen, and Uncle Juniper is always saying that his mother's calico dresses lasted year after year. I can't even put a five-cent piece in the contribution plate at church, without Uncle Juniper accusing me of extravagance. If he won't pay me the wages which I am sure I earn, I will go down to the Lake View House and help Mrs. Danesbury make pies and puddings for her boarders. She told me, long ago, that she would give me ten dollars a month, during her busy season, to assist her."

Doctor Juniper relished his roast chicken and blueberry pudding as only an elderly gourmand can relish the appetizing edibles of this world.

Nanny sat opposite him, looking rather distraite and thoughtful. And when he had sopped up the last of his pudding sauce with a piece of bread, wiped his mouth, and folded up his napkin, she spoke out:

"Uncle, I'm going away tomorrow."

"Be you?" said Doctor Juniper.

"To earn my own living," said Nanny.

"Humph!" commented Doctor Juniper. "Well, suit yourself—suit yourself!"

"Mrs. Danesbury is going to pay me ten dollars a month," explained Nanny. "But I'd rather stay with you at half the price."

"I'll see you—further!" said Doctor Juniper, "I won't pay you a red cent!"

"Very well, uncle," said Nanny.

And so she went away.

"She needn't think she's going to wind me around her little finger," said Doctor Juniper. "I can get plenty of housekeepers for less money than that. And I won't be imposed upon."

The doctor got his own breakfast the next morning. It wasn't so easy as he supposed it would be. The fire smoked and sulked, the coffee pot tipped over, the fish was scorched and the eggs overboiled.

"Hang it all!" said the doctor. "Things don't taste right, anyhow. There must be a knack in cooking, after all."

He left the unwashed dishes on the table, saddled the roan horse, and set off immediately after he had swallowed the last drop of the flavorless coffee, in search of "help."

The Widow Keene was all smiles when he stopped at her little red cottage.

"So Nanny is gone, has she?" said the widow. "Wal, there ain't no dependence to be put on gals. And you feel the need of a real helpful companion? I did say, when I buried Keene, that nothin' should induce me to marry again, but—"

The doctor reined up Old Roan so suddenly that that meditative steed jumped off all four legs at once.

"Hold on!" said he. "I wasn't talkin' of matrimony. I ain't a marryin' man. All I want is hired help?"

"Do you mean to insult me?" said the Widow Keene.

And she slammed the door in his face, and Doctor Juniper rode on, much marveling at the narrow escape he had had.

"I'll try Miss Mahala Dickerman," he concluded. "She ain't a widow. Widows are naturally sly and tricky."

Miss Mahala Dickerman was more reasonable. Yes, she would come. But she required her Sundays to herself, every Wednesday afternoon, the use of a horse and wagon to take her to church, and fourteen dollars a month.

"And what is to become of me on Sunday?" Dr. Juniper ventured to inquire.

Miss Mahala didn't know. She had her soul to look after—that was very certain, and she couldn't reconcile his Sunday business to her conscience. So Doctor Juniper rode away once more, solemnly shaking his head.

"What's come to all the women?" said the doctor.

Betsey Crowe was the next person on whom he called—a sharp-nosed gossip, with a high, shrill voice and spectacled eyes.

"I think I kin suit ye, doctor," said Miss Crowe. "I've lived housekeeper in several families. My terms is twelve dollars a month and the privileges of a home, and a young gal under me. Her wages will be four dollars extra."

Doctor Juniper grew a tallowy white.

"Do you s'pose I'm made of money?" said he.

"Them's my terms," said Miss Crowe, "and I wouldn't vary from 'em, not for the President of the United States!"

"There's an end of the matter, then," said Doctor Juniper.

"Just as you please," said Betsey Crowe, tartly.

Louisa Henley would not undertake the place unless her mother and eleven-year-old brother could come as company for her. Mrs. Cackle expected the washing to be put out, and a cleaning woman engaged for every Saturday. Maria Michels hinted at the privilege of filling the vacant rooms of the house with summer boarders. And the upshot of it all was that Doctor Juniper came home in desperation, without any help whatsoever.

He telegraphed to his cousin, an ancient female, somewhere on the edge of the Adirondacks, to come to the rescue. She came. But she was subject to the rheumatism, to epileptic fits and to an undue fondness for the brandy bottle, and at the end of a month Doctor Juniper was glad to ship her off to a Home for Aged Women in New York. And then, subdued by much discipline, he walked down to Mrs. Danesbury's and asked to see Nanny.

Nanny came in, all smiles and dimples.

"Really," said the doctor, to himself, "I hadn't an idea the girl was so pretty."

She welcomed her uncle with the most affectionate of kisses.

"Nanny," said he, "you were right, and I was wrong. I'm sorry I ever let you go away. If you'll come back to the old farm I'll pay you ten dollars a month and be thankful to you."

"Oh, uncle, I can't!" said Nanny, laughing and blushing. "I've promised to marry Hugh Danesbury."

Doctor Juniper's face fell.

"Hugh Danesbury?" said he, "That is the young fellow that works at the mill isn't it?"

"Yes, uncle," said Nanny.

"Then come, both of you," said Doctor Juniper. "Hugh shall run the farm on shares, and I'll pay you ten dollars just the same. I can't live as I've been livin'. I'd sooner take laudanum!"

So the young people were married and came to Juniper Farm to live.

"And uncle's a great deal easier to get along with than ever he was before!" said Nanny.

For Doctor Juniper had profited from his experience.—Saturday Night.

Queer Substitutes for Bullets.

When a hunter in the old days lost all his bullets or hadn't any to shoot with he usually devised substitutes that on occasion served the purpose well. All sorts of things have been fired at game or Indians, as the case might be. Old Hank Ellison, living up in Jefferson county, N. Y., told to his dying day how he was cooped up by Indians out West once, with a little lead, lots of powder, a belt full of gold nuggets, a fine rifle, and a bullet mould. It was on the top of a knoll where his log cabin had been built, and he had a barrel of water and a lot of wood for emergencies. The Indians kept just out of range, dashing in once in a while to draw his fire. He soon used his bullets up, and then used the gold. He fired nearly half his fortune at the redskins before they left him.

Many a hunter has used a pebble in the hope of getting a close, deadly shot. Jackknives and ramrods have served their time as missiles. Forest and Stream tells about a hunter who had only a single bullet but lots of powder. The bullet shot the horn of a big buck off, and the buck charged the man, who took to a tree top. He spent half an hour whittling off two-inch lengths of branches and putting them into his rifle. Then he rammed them down on the powder and fired at the maddened deer. His partner came along after awhile with a belt full of bullets, and, making a run for the tree, gave a bullet to the shooter, who quickly shot the deer.

A Remarkable Wheat Yield.

One of the most remarkable yields of wheat ever recorded in the Northwest was grown on the Abbott farm this season by A. L. and L. A. Comstock, and threshed recently. They had a total of thirty-seven acres of wheat, from which they threshed 30 bushels, an average of more than eighty-three bushels to the acre. One field of this, measuring twenty acres in area, yielded 2,236 bushels, or an average of more than 111 bushels per acre. The other field would have turned out just as well but for a mixture of wild oats with the wheat.

The grain grew so heavily that considerable of it was prostrated by the rainstorm on the 1st of August, and consequently it was not all saved. The land upon which it grew is part of the Robert Hill donation claim, and has been cultivated continuously without fertilization since 1852, a fact which illustrates the richness and lasting qualities of Whidby Island's prairie lands.—Washington Spokesman-Review.

New Use for Bicycles.

It would be too much to expect that the bicycle could run for any length of time without being used in some of the many smuggling operations with which border annals are filled. The rubber tire offers facilities for the carrying of dutiable goods and has frequently been used for this purpose. As a receptacle for illicitly distilled whisky it has proved quite a success. The Sunday-closing law would be very easily evaded but for the fact that bicyclists drink but little liquor. And, by the way, this is an exceedingly strong argument in favor of the wheel, so strong, indeed, that no other would be required to assure its favorable reception by philanthropists and temperance people generally—New York Ledger.

The Best of It.

Uncle Bob—Hallo, Tommy! What part of your trip abroad did you enjoy the most?

Tommy—Oh, on the steamer, when papa and mamma and nurse were sick, and the captain let me help him run the ship. I tell you what I had a bully time that day.—Harper's Bazar.

A RABBIT HUNT.

Picturesque Scenes in the Blue Grass Region of Kentucky.

All Sorts of Costumes and of Horses Used.

In the course of a vivid description of a rabbit hunt in Kentucky, written for the Century by John Fox, Jr., the writer says: The men are dressed as they please, the ladies as they please. English blood gets expression, as usual, in independence absolute. There is a sturdy disregard of all considerations of form. Some men wear leggings, some high boots; a few have brown shooting-coats. Most of them ride with the heel low and the toes turned according to temperament. The Southern woman's long riding-skirt has happily been laid aside. These young Dianas wear the usual habit; only the hat is a derby, a cap, sometimes a beaver with a white veil, or a tam-o'shanter that has slipped down behind and left a frank bare head of shining hair. They hold the reins in either hand, and not a crop is to be seen. There are plenty of riding-whips, however, and sometimes one runs up the back of some girl's right arm; for that is the old-fashioned position for the whip when riding in form. On a trip like this, however, everybody rides to please his fancy, and rides anywhere but off his horse.

The men are sturdy country youths, who in a few years will make good types of the beef-eating young English squire—sunburned fellows with big frames, open faces, fearless eyes, and a manner that is easy, cordial, kindly, independent. The girls are midway between the types of brunette and blonde, with a leaning towards the latter type. The extreme brunette is as scarce as the unlovely blonde, whom Oliver Wendell Holmes differentiates from her dazzling sister with locks that have caught the light of the sun. Radiant with freshness these girls are, and with good health and strength; round of figure, clear of eye and skin, spirited, soft of voice and slow of speech.

There is one man on a sorrel mule. He is the host back at the big farm-house, and he has given up every horse he has to guests. One of the girls has a broad white girth running all the way around both horse and saddle. Her habit is the most stylish in the field; she has lived a year in Washington, perhaps, and has had a finishing touch at a fashionable school in New York. Near her is a young fellow on a black thoroughbred—a graduate, perhaps, of Yale or Princeton. They rarely put on airs, couples like these, when they come back home, but drop quietly into their old places with friends and kindred. From respect to local prejudice, which has a hearty contempt for anything that is not carried for actual use, she has left her riding-crop at home. He has let his crinkled black hair grow rather long, and has covered it with a black slouch hat.

Contact with the outer air has made a difference, however, and it is enough to create a strong bond of sympathy between these two, and to cause trouble between country-bred Phyllis, plump, dark-eyed, bareheaded, who rides a pony that is trained to the hunt, as many of the horses are, and young farmer Corydon, who is near her on an iron gray. Indeed, mischief is brewing among those four. At a brisk walk the line moves across the field, the captain at each end yelling to the men—only the men, for no woman is ever anywhere but where she ought to be in a Southern hunting field—to keep it straight.

"Billy," shouts the captain with the mighty voice, "I fine you ten dollars." The slouch hat and the white girth are lagging behind. It is a lovers' quarrel, and the girl looks a little flushed, while Phyllis watches smilingly. "But you cannot compromise with me," adds the captain, and a jolly laugh runs down the line. Now comes a "rebel yell." Somewhere along the line a horse leaps forward. Other horses jump too; everybody yells and everybody's eye is on a little bunch of cotton that is being whisked with astonishing speed through the brown weeds. There is a massing of horses close behind it; the white girth flashes in the midst of the melee, and the slouch hat is just behind. The bunch of cotton turns suddenly, and doubles back between the horse's feet. There is a great crash, and much turning, twisting and sawing of bits. Then the crowd dashes the other way, with Coryden and Phyllis in the lead. The fun has begun.

Indians Who Protected Their Game.

The Indians of the Indian Territory are taking as energetic measures to prevent white sportsmen from hunting on their preserves as the white man up in Jackson Hole, Idaho, took to stop the killing of game by Indians. Some time ago four white men started on a hunt in the Cherokee Strip. The Indians counted up the outfit, put the nooses of horsehair lariats about their necks, and led them to the line of the strip where they were told to get out of sight.

An Election Night in New York.

By ten o'clock Madison Square and upper Broadway are thronged and noisy. A searchlight on the tapering tower of the Madison Square Garden swings its beam north or south, east or west, with the varying reports, according to an advertised code of signaling. Now and then the light is thrown down, and reveals the stirring thousands of men and women that stand in the plaza, all gazing with upturned faces upon the bulletins displayed at Fifth avenue and Twenty-First street.

The cars plow lanes through the shadowy masses, with urgently clangorous gongs, but the horse cars are simply swallowed up, the people dodging from under the noses of the horses as they wade slowly along, only too close in behind the car. An inarticulate murmuring of satisfaction or discontent, and noise of shuffling feet, follow the display of each new bulletin, swelling loud and louder as later and more certain messages are spread upon the huge placard.

The crowd is a good-natured one and patronizes liberally the "extra" boys, peddlers of toy brooms and tiny feathered roosters to be pinned to coat, or buys peanuts, candy and cheap cigars from itinerant venders. To hundreds in it the contest may be a matter of serious personal importance, but though there is plenty of badinage, one hears little acrid discussion, and witnesses no rowdyism. As soon as it becomes apparent which side has won, arrive those strange companies of youths who seem preserved from year to year for this single appearance. They are fashionably attired, and look like college students, but are not, and whence they come and whither they go between times is an unsolved mystery. Blowing tin horns in impious disharmony, waving brooms over their shoulders, symbolic of the "clean sweep," trailing behind a leader in single file or by twos, they dive into the masses of people, wind in and out and round about, singing some campaign song, or shouting in chorus a partizan slogan.

It is stark midnight before the bulletins cease, and the people begin to pack the street-cars, or troop homeward afoot through the moonlight avenues and crossways.—Century.

An Iron Bar 2,000 Years Old.

S. T. Wellman, the metallurgist of Cleveland, has a portion of a round bar of iron—and a few little pieces are held in the United States—that antedates the Christian era by two or three centuries. The iron which had been originally hammered into plates, and was deeply rusted from age, was found a few years ago by Dr. Carl Humann in the ruin of the Temple of Artemis Leucophryne at Magnesia, Asia Minor. Dr. Humann sent it to Hallbauer, in Germany, and the latter made from a portion of it a memorial trial tablet. This was presented to Bismarck in April, 1894. It bore this inscription in German: "For you, Prince Bismarck, the Iron Chancellor. Hermongenes forged this iron at Magnesia 200 B. C. Humann found it in the Temple of Artemis after 2,000 years and sent it to Hallbauer, who gave it the form in which it shall bear witness that your deeds shall outlive millenia."

The Temple of Artemis, one of the most magnificent of ancient monuments, was rebuilt about 300 B. C., though by some the date is put at 200 B. C.

The metal is described as approximating steel in its composition, though closely akin to malleable iron. It was made at a low temperature and great care was necessary in the forging. It was found rather difficult to roll the pieces that were preserved as relics, these having a diameter of about one-half inch.—Iron Trade Review.

A Remarkable Memory.

One of the most remarkable memories ever exhibited in a courtroom in this country was in evidence in a Justice Court of this city recently. Mrs. Ruiz, the prosecutrix of Albert Orisco, could remember the date of birth of none of her children, excepting Bernardino Ruiz, wedded to the defendant. The girl, she knew, was born in 1883.

The woman admitted she could neither read nor write, and did not know whether her own age was between thirty and forty years, or if it were possible she had passed the three-score limit. She was of the opinion yesterday was Saturday and the present month September, but she could not tell the date in history of the present year. She remembered the year of Bernardino's birth, because she was her last child, but afterward recalled a still younger child was born and had died.—Los Angeles (Cal.,) Times.

Had Been There Before.

"So you feel ill, my little lad?" asked the kind minister. "You should go and tell your mother. She will give you sage advice."

"That's jest it," said the boy. "I'm dog gone sick o' sage."—New York Press.

The tall silk hat first came into common use in Paris in 1797.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Icebergs sometimes last 200 years.

The latest fad out West is colored coffins.

In the palace of Emperor William in Berlin, 500 housemaids and 1,800 liveried footmen find employment.

The entire population of the State of New York (6,513,341) could find standing room on a tract of only one square mile in extent.

Sir J. Anderson of Buttevant, Cork, Ireland, spent $150,200 in 1837 in trying to perfect "a steam drag or carriage for common roads."

The great clock at Rouen, France, has been grinding out the hours and minutes without interruption for 500 years, and gives promise of going for 500 more.

The largest fig-tree in California grows on Catalina Island. It covers a circular space about 200 feet in diameter, and its trunk is twenty-six inches thick.

A clergyman at Cradock, Cape Colony, South Africa, advertises in the local paper that he is prepared to undertake the tuning of pianofortes and to give lessons on that instrument.

Portland, (Me.) fire alarm boxes are now made prominent at night by lanterns fixed on the top of the posts, the panels being of red glass, with the words "fire alarm" on the four sides.

A feature of the carnival week at Kansas City this year will be the startling and rage-producing bladder on a stick. A firm has imported 10,000 bladders to help along the week's merriment.

The cold nose of a spaniel, pressed against the face of a sleeping man in Rockland, Me., awoke him. He arose followed his dog to the kitchen, and found it flooded with water from a leaking tank.

The specie-room on ocean steamships is usually 16 feet long, ten feet wide and eight feet high. It is formed of steel plates a quarter of an inch thick, with a steel door, which has a burglar-proof combination lock.

The body of Mrs. Mary S. Albertson of Columbia Slough, near Portland, Oregon, was being prepared for the grave when a friend noticed the tint of life on the cheek. The burial was deferred, and in week the woman recovered from her trance.

Lightning played queer pranks in the residence of Paul Simmonson, at Montague, Mich. It passed down the chimney, rent the stove pipe, burned holes in a table-cloth, and cut some picture wires. Six persons were in the house, but they were not injured.

The Load of a Dust Storm.

Blown dust is a general and familiar nuisance to housekeepers over the entire West. A minimum estimate, verified by direct observation, for the quantity of dust settling on floors during such storms is about a fourteenth of an ounce of dust on a surface of a square yard in half a day. A maximum estimate made on the basis of the above newspaper accounts would be at least five pounds to a square yard of surface for a storm lasting twenty-four hours. If we then suppose that a house that is twenty-four feet wide and thirty-two feet long has open crevices, which average a sixteenth of an inch in width and have a running length in windows and doors of one hundred and fifty feet, the wind may be supposed to enter half of these crevices with a velocity of five miles per hour for the time the storm lasts, or for twenty-four hours. The dust may be supposed to settle on not less than eighty-five square yards of surface, including floor space and horizontal surfaces of furniture. The minimum estimate, based on these figures, gives us two hundred and twenty-five tons of dust to the cubic mile of air. The maximum estimate would be one hundred and twenty-six thousand tons.—From "Dust and Sand Storms in the West," by Professor J. A. Udder, in Popular Science Monthly.

To Cut an Apple, but Not the Skin.

This little trick, well performed, is quite startling. Select an apple with a firm, smooth skin. Take a long and slender darning needle and thread it with silk or linen thread; cotton will do, but is more liable to break. Beginning at the stem end take a long stitch under the skin of the apple being careful not to go so deep that the point of the needle does not readily emerge. Take another stitch in the same direction, sewing right around the apple exactly as you would cut it in half. When the thread comes out again near the stem take the two ends one in each hand, cross them and pull steadily. The thread will, of course cut the apple in two, leaving no mark on the skin, and without breaking it beyond the tiny holes made by the needle, which are quite invisible. By repeating the performance is different parts of the apple, it may be cut into quarters and eighths, and on being peeled will fall into three sections.

The First Step.

Ethel—By the way, is your new bicycling club started yet?

Cis—No, but it's getting on. We've engaged the doctor.

ELECTION'S AFTERMATH.

All the World Stayed Up to Get the Returns.

EXCITING SCENES IN NEW YORK.

A Night of Tremendous Celebration and Display---The Returns Indicate That the Gold Forces Will Control Both Branches of Congress After the 4th of March, 1897---Election Day Incidents.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—All New York City turned out Election night. Such a crowd as has never before been known in the city thronged every place where the returns could be seen. City Hall Park was a mass of faces from Park row to Broadway, and the overflow from it filled Newspaper row from Ann street to the bridge. Upper Broadway was solid with humanity and Twenty-third to Thirty-third street. All other places—and there were many of them in the city—where returns were bulletined filled up as if by magic and stayed filled until certainty was doubly certain, and there was no room for doubt of the triumph of McKinley.

It was a night of tremendous celebration and display. Flash lights streamed across the sky. Bonfires lighted up the streets. Rockets and Roman candles darted through the darkness in lines of fire, and brilliant decorations of colored lights gave hundreds of buildings a festal appearance. To the ear, even more than to the eye, the celebration appealed. Thousands upon thousands of horns and rattles were pressed into service. Brass bands were hired by the political clubs to discourse triumphant music from balconies and stands, and, most impressive of all, tens of thousands of voices blended together in cheers that thrilled through the air like one tremendous deep note of music. The air was instinct with excitement, and the man who stayed at home and forewent the elation that comes from the enthusiasm of an enormous mass of men all intent on one idea, missed an experience that comes perhaps but once in a lifetime. No man can guess in the city will again be stirred and roused as it was on this night. Compared to it other National elections have been insignificant.

THE NEWS IN EUROPE.

Newspaper Offices Display Bulletins on the American Elections.

LONDON, England (By Cable).—A large number of Americans and others gathered at Effingham House, Arundel street, Strand, to obtain the earliest possible information regarding the result of the election. The bulletins sent from New York giving the results as soon as they were known there were eagerly scanned and commented upon according to the political faith of their readers.

Never before has such keen interest been displayed in this city over the result of an American election. The Daily Chronicle and the many provincial papers displayed in their office windows the bulletins which are received at Effingham House by cable and immediately forwarded to them by telegraph.

Elaborate preparations were made at the various telegraph offices in the city, the West End, and Piccadilly to announce the result of the election.

Great interest was taken in the election in London, and the Stars and Stripes and pictures of McKinley and Hobart abound in American resorts. There has been a good deal of betting on the result of the election.

In Berlin, Paris and throughout Europe, in fact, the result of the election was awaited with breathless interest,

HOW M'KINLEY VOTED.

Stood Uncovered as He Exercised His Sacred Right.

CANTON, Ohio (Special).—Major McKinley, as soon as he had fairly settled his breakfast, started down North Market street to deposit his ballot. Major McKinley entered the polling place at 8.55, and greeted the inspectors with a cordial "Good morning, gentlemen; I'm glad to see all of you." The formalities of the performance were soon over, and as his ballot, No. 230, went into the box the candidate took off his hat and stood uncovered until his sacred right as an American citizen was assured. Then he walked homeward and remained in the house the remainder of the day, except for one trip to the station of the Valley Railroad to welcome Mark Hanna. He received the returns and the congratulations of his friends over a special wire at his home.

MR. BRYAN'S BALLOT.

Crowd at the Polling Place Cheers as He Votes.

LINCOLN, Nebraska (Special).—William Jennings Bryan cast his vote a little before noon. He had arrived from Omaha almost an hour earlier, but was compelled to stop at the City Hall to procure a certificate of citizenship on account of his failure to register beforehand.

When Mr. Bryan was about to vote, one of the election challengers shouted out: "As a mark of respect from your fellow citizens we all take off our hats!"

The suggestion met with unanimous response from the crowd of perhaps 200 men who stood outside the roped inclosure.

The casting of the ballot was received with applause and after shaking hands with the election official nearest him Mr. Bryan wedged his way out through the crowd and was driven to his home, accompanied by a large escort of the Bryan Home Guards, consisting largely of farmers.

Mr. Bryan and a party of friends received the election returns over a special wire at the Democratic candidate's home. Mr. Bryan became convinced of his defeat before 11 o'clock, and soon after retired.

Scenes of Disorder.

BALTIMORE, Md. (Special).—The voting was characterized with disorder in many places. There were riots in Delaware between the Addicks Republicans and the free silver Democrats. There were murders at the polls in Tennessee and in Kentucky. In West Virginia threats of violence frightened many men away from the polls.

Cast His Vote and Died.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y. (Special).—Charles Horton, a wealthy and aged resident of this city, went to the polls and voted for McKinley this afternoon. He fell dead on his returning home.

Horseless Carriages in France.

More than 1200 horseless carriages have been constructed in France during the past three years. It is said that at the present rate there will be fully 10,000 in use by 1900.

October Coinage Report.

A statement prepared by the directors of the mint shows the coinage executed at the United States mints during the month of October as follows: Gold, $5,727,500; silver, $2,844,009; minor coin, $65,900; total, $8,658,409. Of the silver coinage, 2,350,000 were standard silver dollars.

A Petroleum King Dead.

The petroleum industry of Russia has just lost its pioneer by the death in Sweden of Robert Nobel. It was to a chance visit to Baku, in 1873, that he owed his great discovery of the rich deposits of petroleum in the Caucasus.

Minor Mention.

During 1895 there were 1561 postoffices burglarized in the United States.

The Cherokee Indians of Kingfisher, Oklahoma, have organized a professional football team.

Crater Lake, Oregon, is believed to be the deepest fresh water lake in America, its depth being 2000 feet.

Gray wolves are reported as being very plentiful and very destructive in Jasper County, Missouri. Parties are being organized to hunt them.

During September there were 20,223 patients in the Spanish hospital in Cuba, and 1082 deaths. Of these 744 died of yellow fever and twenty-two from wounds.

STRENGTH OF THE NEW NAVY.

Thirty Armored Vessels in Active Service and Three Under Construction.

Chief Constructor Hichborn's annual report shows a total of 110 vessels in the navy of which thirty are armored, including eight battleships, two cruisers, one ram and six double-turreted monitors, all of which are in active service, prepared for offensive or defensive operations, and thirteen single-turret monitors which might be utilized in the harbors in which they now lie. Three other armored battleships are now under construction. There are twenty-five new steel cruisers also in commission, in addition to the three special class vessels of the new navy—the Bancroft, Dolphin and Vesuvius. These are unarmored, as are the sixteen iron and wooden cruisers and six wooden sailing vessels still carried on the lists. Three torpedo boats are in use and fifteen under contract. The other vessels building are six gunboats, one submarine boat and fifteen torpedo boats. Twelve tugs are also included in the naval force and fifteen old ships unfit for sea, which, however, are utilized for various purposes, such as training vessels, naval reserve rendezvous and receiving ships.

In compliance with the law for the increase of the navy, Engineer-in-Chief Melville and the Chief Constructor unite in a statement that $5,925,502, the balance in the Treasury, is required for existing contracts.

The only new vessels which Congress is asked to authorize are two composite sailing vessels of 1100 tons, costing $500,000, as practice cruisers for the Naval Academy, to take the place of the Bancroft; but these do not conflict with the recommendation for three additional battleships which Secretary Herbert is confidently expected to make in his annual report. During the fiscal year nine vessels, the Indiana, Massachusetts, Oregon, Maine, Texas, Terror, Monadnock, Katahdin and Ericsson, were added to the effective force of the navy, and during the current year the Brooklyn, Iowa, Nashville, Wilmington, Helena, Puritan, six gunboats, several torpedo boats and one tug are to be added.

Constructor Hichborn declares that the naval stations and docks at Port Royal, S. C., and Port Orchard, Wash., cannot be properly utilized without the erection of shops, for which he urges authority.

The advisability of sheathing the bottoms of cruising vessels is reiterated, as well as former recommendations for building additional dry docks to keep the ships in a high state of efficiency.

During the past year the bureau proposed plans for converting several classes of ships which are entered in the naval reserve list into effective auxiliary cruisers. These include the Owego and Hudson classes on the great lakes and the El Sol and El Dorado classes of ocean going vessels. It is now proposed to prepare the outfit and keep them ready for immediate use.

TALKS OF FORTIFICATIONS.

General Craighill Makes a Report on Important Changes at Military Points.

Under the head of fortifications in his annual report, General Craighill, Chief of Engineers, United States War Department, says that detailed projects have been approved for the artillery defence of various points, among them the eastern entrance to Long Island Sound (partial) and New York.

There have been negotiations for the purchase of sites at Charleston, Baltimore, Narragansett Bay and Portland, Me.

The General urgently recommends an appropriation of $100,000 for the preservation and repair of fortifications, and says the work of preparing emplacements for guns has been pushed with much vigor where the money was available, particularly at New York, Delaware River and Charleston.

Under the head of rivers and harbors it is said that experience has shown that the system providing funds for carrying on continuously and completing certain works has resulted in materially reducing costs and granting benefits to commerce.

The General restricts his estimates for the year to the amounts necessary to meet obligations under contracts. They aggregate $22,778,053.

LABRADOR FACES STARVATION.

Appalling Distress in Consequence of Failure of the Codfishery.

Only prompt charity will save the people of Labrador from starving. The coast for about five hundred miles is inhabited by three thousand settlers living in small fishing villages. The conditions of existence, never very favorable, are rendered appalling this year by the failure of the codfishery.

Dr. Grenfell, Superintendent of the Deep-Sea Mission, reports: "At Square Island we found an anxious crowd. Not a family had enough to prevent starvation this winter, and no means of getting food. We arranged to supply twenty-five barrels of flour, ten sacks of biscuit, a puncheon of molasses and a chest of tea, in return for which the people will saw wood, which we hope to sell next summer. An enormous boon is conferred upon these settlements even by such small assistance as this. Quilts and counterpanes are invaluable. Most houses have an utterly inadequate supply of bed clothing."

RIVERS OF FRANCE OVERFLOW.

Vast Damage to Property Reported in Various Departments.

An alarming rise of the rivers is reported from all the departments in France. The damage to property is enormous. The Seine is at the flood stage. Artillery wagons were sent from Nimes to Comps and Vallerangue to assist in the work of relief.

The River Rhone burst its banks at Lauson, which is now isolated. The only communication through considerable districts is by boat. Troops have left Avignon to assist in repairing the broken banks of the Rhone.

Big Wheat Crop in Hungary.

German farmers have not benefited by the rise in the price of wheat and other cereals as have the agriculturists of Hungary, where the harvest has been abundant and where there has been an advance of nearly two florins per hundred weight in the price of wheat. This state of things has been a perfect godsend to the Hungarian farmers and has also given an impetus to trade all around.

Horse's Freak Drowns Three.

Mrs. John Snyder and three children, of Steubenville, Ohio, were in a carriage upon the upper ferry boat. The horse became unmanageable and backed into the river with the occupants. Mrs. Snyder was rescued, but the three children were drowned.

Treasury Deficit.

The Treasury figures show that the deficit for October is $7,750,000 and for the fiscal year to date $23,660,500. The receipts for October were $26,250,000 and the expenditures $34,000,000.

A Disastrous Kick.

Even kicking requires skill, as William Colley, a sawmill hand at Nevada, Ga., learned when he undertook to kick a slab away from the saw and had his foot cut off at the instep.

Fatal Fire in Ontario.

J. W. Jones's residence, at Wallaceburg, Ontario, Canada, was burned to the ground. Jones's three children perished in the flames.

Root-beer Condemned.

At a recent meeting of the W. C. T. U., a resolution was passed condemning the use of root beer.

The Labor World.

English railroads employ 400,000.

The world has 5,000,000 unionists.

New York City has Chinese cigarmakers.

Unionism is displacing Socialism in Germany.

New York State has thirty machinists' unions.

Cleveland, Ohio, has a union of walking delegates.

The Krupp plant at Essen, Germany, covers 2500 acres.

Bellefonte, Penn., is to have a co-operative glass plant.

The South Australian Labor party regained all the seats in Parliament previously held by them and captured two others.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, bilious sufferers, victims of fever and ague, the mercurial diseased patient, how they recovered health, cheerful spirits and good appetite; they will tell you by taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, etc. This unrivalled remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. **It will cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver and Bowels.**

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; **Sour Stomach;** Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache; Loss of Memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; **Debility; Low Spirits,** a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption.

Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the LIVER is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and **DEATH** will ensue.

The following highly esteemed persons attest to the virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator: Gen. W. S. Holt, Pres. Ga. S. W. R. R. Co.; Rev. J. K. Felder, Perry, Ga.; Col. E. K. Sparks, Albany, Ga.; C. Masterson, Esq., Sheriff Bibb Co., Ga.; Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.

"We have tested its virtues, personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Throbbing Headache it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We tried forty other remedies before Simmons Liver Regulator, but none gave us more than temporary relief, but the Regulator not only relieved, but cured us."—ED. TELEGRAPH AND MESSENGER, Macon, Ga.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Aug. 17, 1896.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays) ave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and a 15 P. M, Northbound, daily, except Sundays ave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and 9:40 P. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Railroad and Steamer lines and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Bellhaven, connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:20 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island and Ocracoke going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Manag'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Pt. & Pass'r Agt.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

FRED DAVS
DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled

☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,
Successor to John H. Ziegler,
Dealer in all Kinds of
Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. ☞All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
J. M. CASH & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE GREAT VICTORY.

Call the roll! See, in another column, how the great States have fallen in line, keeping step to the old song of the Republic! The East started it, the Middle West took up the mighty chorus and the Pacific heard it and responded. A great cheer goes up from the majority of the Nation!

The crowning glory in this supreme triumph is that all sections of the Union share in its common splendors. East and West, North and South are partners in this, the most distinctively National victory of the PEOPLE.

The effects of this sweeping vindication of National honesty will be prompt and wholesome. Business will emerge from the gloom of doubt and depression. Enterprise will awaken, industry will revive and in a little while the hideous nightmare of "hard times" will vanish in the glare of returning prosperity.

OUR GOVERNMENT.

In a government such as ours, which differs in many respects from any other constitutional government in that it originated with the people for their own protection, and was so organized that its affairs were to be conducted as far as possible by the people through their representatives, there can be no question that the ultimate design in its organization was that its functions should be adapted to the growth and welfare of *all* the people. Our government is not only a combination of States under one constitution, for the benefit and protection of each and every State, and for the strength and prosperity of the whole Nation, but is a more closely organized UNION, with a single life which pervades every part of it, and which is kept in vigorous action by a life blood which is sent by a common heart throb through all its members.

We have a much more vital Union than could be obtained by a number of States merely held together by constitutions and ordinances placed upon statute records, signifying their relations to each other. We are a living, growing Government everything healthy from without, and increasing every part under its influence and thus making us a "one" American Nation—a Nation in which every separate part is an integral in itself, and yet all are so organically united that each is dependent for its highest development upon the integrity of the whole.

"THE OLD NORTH STATE."

In this State Judge Russell and the entire State ticket wins. The Legislature will stand about 70 Republicans 58 Populists and 40 Democrats. Every Democratic candidate for Congress but one was defeated. It was a glorious day's work!

How marvelously has fate seized on the career of David Bennett Hill as an object lesson in the old, old truth that honesty is the best policy! The passing of the charlatan, the advocate of expediency, this opportunist professor of political legerdemain, is full of instruction.

Successful farming is a science. The best posted man is generally the most successful. A thorough knowledge of the nature of the soil cultivated and its adaptability to seeds and grains equips the tiller of the land for the application of his practical knowledge and experience.

Now that the currency question is settled, the importance of putting into effect a Tariff which will pay the expenses of the Government resumes its place as the supreme and urgent issue of the day.

It's always a very serious mistake to underrate the intelligence of the American farmer. The politician who sizes up the skilled American workingman for a fool doesn't know him.

One of the blessings vouchsafed the country by the election is an Administration that will pay more attention to National affairs and considerably less to ducks.

Tom Watson's letter miscarried, but not half as badly as Mr. Bryan's election calculations.

Uncle Sam has refused to give a diploma to the pupils of Coin's Financial School.

Let all now get ready for the greatest era of prosperity this country has ever known.

Not bullets but ballots, and over a million majority for National honor.

Hon. Jeter C. Pritchard will be reelected United States Senator.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN EACH STATE

Estimated Pluralities for the Candidates Throughtout the Nation.

The following table is based on the latest dispatches on the pluralities in each State:

STATES FOR McKINLEY.

	Electoral Vote.	Approximate Plurality.
California	9	6,500
Connecticut	6	54,000
Delaware	3	2,000
Illinois	24	165,000
Indiana	15	20,000
Iowa	13	72,000
Kentucky	13	1,000
Maine	6	47,000
Maryland	8	32,000
Massachusetts	15	164,000
Michigan	14	50,000
Minnesota	9	50,000
New Hampshire	4	23,000
New Jersey	10	86,000
New York	36	275,000
North Dakota	3	8,000
Ohio	23	70,000
Oregon	4	3,000
Pennsylvania	32	296,500
Rhode Island	4	27,000
South Dakoka	4	1,500
Vemont	4	41,000
West Virginia	6	15,000
Wisconsin	12	100,000
Wyoming	3	500
Totals	280	1,610,200

STATES FOR BRYAN.

Alabama	11	40,000
Arkansas	8	50,000
Corolorado	4	126,000
Florida	4	0,000
Georgia	13	40,000
Idaho	3	3,000
Kansas	10	13,000
Louisiana	8	40,000
Mississippi	9	50,000
Missouri	17	10,000
Montana	3	15,000
Nebraska	8	5,000
Nevada	3	5,000
North Carolina	11	10,000
South Carolina	9	20,000
Tennessee	12	15,000
Texas	15	40,000
Utah	3	15,000
Virginia	13	15,000
Washington	4	4,000
Totals	167	506,000

RECAPITULATION.

McKinley	280
Bryan	167

McKinley's Electoral Plurality...123
McKinley's Popular Majority 1,102,500

Vote of the First Congressional District.

The following is the vote for Congress in this District:

	Skinner.	Lucas.
Pasquotank	1688	860
Perquimans	1007	669
Chowan	1211	723
Washington	1461	601
Martin	1608	1426
Pamlico	890	550
Tyrrell	840	308
Beaufort	2647	1989
Carterett	1094	1138
Dare	476	410
Hyde	993	871
Currituck	620	749
Camden	646	595
Hertford	1827	850

No report from Gates and Pitt; Skinner's majority will be over 5000.

First Senatorial District.

The following is the vote cast for Senators in the First District.

Counties	Whedbee	Newsom	Smith	Cohoon
Pasquotank	1541	1618	993	972
Perquimans	1113	1126	647	637
Chowan	1207	1214	732	728
Hertford	1805	1836	867	861
Currituck	596	596	766	766
Camden	612	612	528	528
Gates	No report.			

Senator Pritchard.

N. Y. Mail and Express.

The re-election of Senator Pritchard would be a happy issue out of the rather chaotic condition of politics in the Tar-heel State. No man more fittingly represents the "New South" idea in North Carolina, or more truly typifies its enterprise and progress. He is still well under forty, He is one of the most conscientious, as well as influential of Southern Senators, and his excoriation of our own Senator Hill on a well remembered occasion sufficed to silence that doughty debator for many days. Pritchard was inclined favorably to silver, but it never led him to vote against his party on any of the great questions which he holds to be more vital than silver. He was the earliest advocate of the nomination of McKinley South of Mason and Dixon's line, and in his splendid campaign work this fall has placed himself squarely on the St. Louis platform. No Senator has more conspicuously earned a re-election than J. C. Pritchard.

McKinley and the Spoils.

Washington Post.

With McKinley in the White House there will be a great many changes in the departments. They will be reorganized with the thoroughness which has characterized the management of McKinley's campaign. Mark Hanna is a great believer in the idea of depositing the spoils with the victors, and Mr. McKinley's administration as Governor of Ohio demonstrates his ability to hustle Democrats and superannuated Republicans out of choice roosting places.

THE DISCOVEARY SVED HIS LIFE.

Mr. G. Cailloute. Druggist, Beavers vile, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Dicovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We wont keep store or house without it." Get a fresh trial at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

The Democratic Paradox.

Chicago Times-Herald.

Paradoxical as it may seem, the best men in the Democratic party this year are out of it, and those who remain are not "in it" at all.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Nov. 6, 1896.

Ring the bells, blow the horns,
Let the glad tidings be told,
Bryan wears his crown of thorns,
And is under his cross of gold.

The greatest national victory in the history of the Republican party was won this week, when McKinley and Hobart received the largest popular vote ever cast for a Presidential ticket; a tremendous Republican majority of the next House was elected, and the control of a sufficient number of State legislatures which will elect Senators for the term beginning March 4th, 1897, was secured to make it reasonably sure that the Senate will have a Republican majority after that date, thus, putting the legislative and executive branches of the government under control of Republicans which will enable the administration of President McKinley to give the the country the relief it needs, by enacting laws in accord with the policy of the Republican party, which, as Maj. McKinley so aptly stated early in the campaign, stands for "an honest dollar and the right to earn it by honest toil."

The action of the great majority of our country's voters was not only an endorsement of the Republican party and its policy as expressed by its platform and candidates, but a stinging rebuke for the men who sought to climb into power by appealing to the worst elements in human nature, by proposing to repeal the moral law; to tarnish and garble the Constitution of our fathers, which has served the country through its every crisis, and to replace "Old Glory" with the red flag of anarchy. It was a rebuke which should serve to prevent such men as Altgeld, the anarchist, Tillman, the socialist blackguard, Debs, the revolutionist, and Bryan, the inexperienced theorist, ever again succeeding in dominating a National Convention of any political party. And it was a notice to the world that the American people can always be counted upon to oppose dishonesty no matter how enticing a garb it may present itself in.

Republicans do not forget to give ample credit to the men who by their superb management of the campaign enabled to win such a great triumph. Mr. Hanna was a new man in national politics, but no one who watched the able manner in which he handled the national committee work would have supposed it had it not been known. True, Mr. Hanna had an able corps of advisers, among them such successful and veteran managers as Senator Quay, but it was because he had the proper conception of the task before him that he surrounded himself with able advisers instead of bootlicks and cuckoos.

Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, and Apsley, of Massachusetts, as Chairman and Vice Chairman respectively of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, added new laurels to those won by them in 1894, in the same positions, both as adroit managers and as accurate forecasters of results, in neither of which they have ever been excelled. Chairman Babcock sums up the results of the campain as follows: "The good sense and patriotism of the American people have once more been displayed in a great crisis, the like of which has not been known since the election of Lincoln in 1860. I believe that by this great victory over the populistic ideas of free silver and fiat money, the socialistic vagaries proclaimed by such men as Sovereign and Debs, and the anarchistic leaning of Altgeld and his followers, will now for a long period to come, and I hope forever, be eliminated from politics in this country as heresies utterly unworthy to be entertained in the minds of patriotic people. So thoroughly has the Chicago platform been repudiated and denounced by true Americans that no party can have the effrontery to place it in whole or in part before the people again for their endorsement."

Mr. Cleveland declines to express any opinion of the election of Maj. McKinley and Hobart, for publication, but his feeling may be read between the lines of his Thanksgiving Day proclamation, issued since the result of the election was known.

The Washinton Star, the leading independent paper of the National Capital, thus editorially speaks of the election: "The country is a thousand per cent. stronger to-day than it was yesterday—stronger in its own eyes and in the eyes of the world. A serious crisis has been passed and passed triumphantly. Popular government as never been so thoroughly vindicated The people are the sources of the greatest and best power, and they will enjoy now a prosperity which must follow so signal a step toward the restration of confidence and good will among men."

Poor Blood

When a horse is poor in flesh, a new harness won't give him strength. If a house is cold new furniture won't warm it. If your strength is easily exhausted; work a burden; nerves weak; digestion poor; muscles soft; if you are pale and worn out, the trouble is with the blood. It is not so much IMPURE blood as POOR blood. Pills won't make this blood rich; nor will bitters, nor iron tonics, any more than a new harness will give strength to the horse, or new furniture will make a house warm. For poor blood you want something that will make rich blood.

SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites is the best remedy in the world for enriching the blood.

We have prepared a book telling you more about the subject. Sent Free. For sale by all druggists at 50c. & $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.

AN HONEST STATEMENT.

Ever since God said to Adam: "In the Sweat of thy Brow, thou shalt eat bread," the poor classes of humanity, the world over, have indeed eaten bread by the sweat of their brow. To toil and labor, labor and toil; day in and day out; year in and year out has been their lot.

Never in the history of our government have the laborers, the farmers and the fishermen come so far from getting a just compensation for their labors and for what they have placed on the markets as at the present time. On account of the financial depression and general business stagnation for months past, they have been paid only starvation wages and prices. Knowing these to be facts, it would be morally wrong as well as grossly unjust for any merchant to charge the people exoritant prices for their goods.

If anyone has anything to buy for himself or family, and wants to spend their money with merchants who are not trying to get rich, but who are trying to make an honest living by dealing honestly with their fellow man, go to the New Store, Gold & Hooper, Water street. Their goods have just been bought in Northern cities at lowest wholesale cash prices. Everything new; nothing old and shopworn. And as their expense are light, they are able to sell for less than any other merchant in town.

Their stock consists of Men's Boy's and Youths' Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Dry Goods, Notions, Jewelry and everything else to be found in a first class Dry Goods house

CURE FOR HEAD ACHE

As a remedy for all forms of Head ache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best, It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual costiveness Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store

Cold Days for Bryan.

These are painful days for Willie;
Though he has no ultered throat,
Yet the atmosphere is chilly,
And the frost is on the vote.
—Kansas City Journal

The burden of labor is constantly being lightened by new inventions, but nothing new has yet been discovered to brighten the hours of labor and make life worth living like Simmons Liver invigorator does. It's the King of Liver Medicines. A sluggish liver depresses one's spirits and causes languor, besides upsetting the whole system. But Simmons Liver Regulator tones up and strengthens the body.

WHY will you buy bitter nauseating tonics when **Groves Tasteless Chill Tonic** is a pleasant as Lemon Syrup. Your druggist is authorized to refund the money in every case where it fails to cure. Price, 50 cents.

☞We have arranged with one of the largest Publishing Houses in the country by which we can furnish a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, revised and enlarged, latest edition, and a copy of the CAROLINIAN for $3.

Summer Diarohrea Cured.

G. W. Clark, McGregor, Texas, says: "Our little baby daughter has been cured of a violent case of summer diarhoea from teething by the use of Dr. King's Royal Germeteur. She had been reduced nearly to a skeleton, The first duse of Germeteur helped her and now she is well again.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Rheumatism Cured.

Mr. W. E. Shepherd, of the dry goods house of Davidson, Lowe & Shepherd, Athens, Ga., says of Royal Germetuer: "For four long months I was flat of my back, unable to move a single limb of my body without assistance. Nothing gave me relief. I had given ug all hopes of recovery until the great remedy was given me. The first week I began to improve, and in less than thirty days was on my feet attending to my duties. I am now able to work twelve hours out of every twenty-four, and sell as many dry goods as any man in Georgia.

The Grecian Portrait.

The Grecian portrait seems the perfection of the human type to us, and artists copy it, although it is actually rare. In it the line of the nose is more or less perfectly the prolongation of the line of the forehead. The hollow at the root of the nose is almost effaced, and the prominence of the nose is softened. The absolute Grecian profile would therefore be represented in a drawing by a single continuous line for the forehead and nose. Yet another condition is essential for obtaining the fine Grecian profile. The forehead should not be receding. This marks the distinction between the Grecian and the Egyptian profile.—Popular Science Monthly.

Differences.

"They say that human nature is always the same," said the middle aged lady. "But I don't think so."

"What's the reason?" asked her niece.

"Twenty years ago girls read magazines and did needlework. Now they study a road map and learn to use a monkey wrench."—Washington Star.

A letter posted in New York will be delivered in Bangkok, Siam, 41 days later, via London, and in 43 days via San Francisco.

A quart of butter, so soft as to run easily, weighs exactly 16 ounces; when hard, the weight is slightly greater.

ATTEMPT AT BUYING LAND.

It Requires Tact to Buy Timber Land In the Mountains.

It requires time and tact to buy mountain land. The following is a typical experience:

"I was riding along Tug river, in Kentucky, when I saw a tract of land upon which I concluded it would pay to erect a small sawmill. I hunted up the owner, finding him seated on a log fishing.

"'Do you own this land?'

"'Sh', stranger! Fust bite I've had,' he answered in a stage whisper. In about a minute he caught a fish, and I repeated my question.

"'Got any baccer?' he asked. I gave him a chew, and in a few minutes he said: 'Which land?'

"'That land along the road for a mile back.'

"'Yaas.'

"'How much have you?'

"'What you frum?'

"'Chicago. How much land have you?'

"'Five thousand acres.'

"'What do you ask for it?'

"'Wal, it's worth $20 an acre, but for cash I'll swap for $10 an acre. Don't talk 'bout it now. Hev ter ketch fish for supper.'

"I sat on a log beside him for three hours, neither of us saying a word, until he arose and started home, while I mounted my horse and followed.

"That night I got as far as to see his dead for the land and get a description.

"'It may be a little short,' he said, 'an I reckon I'd take $40 fer it without surveyin.'

"No inducement would move him from that figure, so I went on to the next tract, which I did not want, the timber being too thin.

"'How much does Phillips want for his land?' I asked.

"'Thousan dollars.'

"'Can you buy it for me?'

"'How much is there of it?'

"'A thousand acres.'

"'I reckon.'

"Two weeks later I received a deed, paid $1,000, and when surveyed the tract measured 980 acres."—Washington Star.

CARLYLE AND THE CABBY.

How the Latter Lost the Trade of the Great Philosopher.

Carlyle was well known to London cabmen. For years he engaged a particular driver from the rank and refused to have any other. This man, however, lost his custom in a somewhat peculiar manner.

Some medical students got to know of his preference for the driver, and, getting hold of the driver one day, they inquired if he knew who his fare was, when he told them he did not. The students informed him that he was one of the most famous and eccentric writers of the day, and, giving him a book, advised him to appear to be reading it whenever Carlyle approached the stand.

Cabby, without any suspicion, acted on their advice, and when the old sage next came for a cab he seemed deeply impressed in a very pretentious book.

"Hello! Wha's that you're readin?" inquired the Ecclefechan philosopher.

"A most beut an hout, tiptop, splendid book about that 'ere French revolution," was cabby's gushing reply.

"Eh, what dae ye say? Let me see it," said Carlyle, holding out his hand.

"Oh, certainly, sir," said the driver, handing him a copy of his "History of the French Revolution."

"Weel, my man," inquired the sage, apparently delighted, "are ye sure that you're readin this work intelligently?"

"Perfectly sure," said the jehu confidently. Then, thinking he ought to say something in praise of the book, he added, "Why, sir, it's almost as good as 'The Newgate Calendar!'"

The grim old Dumfriesian glared at him, grunted out something, turned abruptly around and engaged the next cab. From that day Carlyle never looked at him, but stuck to the second man, who happened to have had the honor of driving most of the distinguished men of the century.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE EDELWEISS MYTH.

It Is Not a Rare Plant, Nor Does It Grow at Very Great Heights.

It is commonly reported and is no less commonly believed by the inexperienced tourist that edelweiss is a plant which only grows in the most dangerous and inaccessible situations. Of course with it, as with any other Alpine plant, this may now and then happen. But as a rule it is found on rough and rather stony slopes of grass, the ordinary pasture of sheep and goats, at heights ranging from about 6,000 to 8,000 feet above the sea level. It is not often met with below the former limit and seldom above the latter. Once it could be plucked—probably it has now been exterminated—by the side of a path a few hundred feet above Zermatt and within half an hour of the hotels. It was abundant, and no doubt still is, all about the little inn at the Tosa falls, and it may be picked in handfuls within a couple of hours' easy walk from the baths of San Bernardino. That it is a great rarity is also an article of faith, but this is another myth. It is doubtless a plant local rather than universal in the Alps, but there are few districts where it does not occur, often abundantly. What has caused it to be so prized is difficult to understand. It is an everlasting, but that is almost equivalent to saying that it has no great beauty. The plant attains a height of about four inches, having one or two flowers on a stem. These are star shaped, a few pointed rays down covered, as if they were cut out of pale gray velvet, surrounding two or three yellowish tufts. The dry stem and narrow leaves are similarly covered. Its scientific name is Gnaphalium leontopodium, and the genus to which it belongs has three or four representatives in the Alps, one of them, G. dioicum, being also abundant on dry moors in Britain. It is, in short, a flower quaint rather than beautiful.

The edelweiss is an extremely easy plant to raise from seed and should be treated as an annual. The seed can be obtained readily for a few pence from any respectable nurseryman. It is, however, a very difficult plant to transplant with any success. Sometimes the edelweiss, when torn from its native mountain and set out in a garden, will have sufficient life in it to flower and then pine away and die. This is the almost invariable result of these attempted transplantations.

It may be added that edelweiss, when grown on anything like the sea level, or, in fact, anywhere away from home, entirely loses its distinctive character and becomes worthless as a garden plant. Perhaps these remarks will save some tourists' sponge bags from being filled, which, if they do not become heated and die on the journey, will barely linger long enough to enable the proud owner to point to them as evidence that he has actually been to Switzerland.—London Standard.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SALVATION OIL

The leading liniment of the age, rapidly cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia and all pains. For Cuts, Sores, Burns, Sprains and Bruises it is invaluable. SALVATION OIL should be in every house, it costs only 25 cents. Insist on getting it. Take no other.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote, 10c. Dealers or mail. A. C. Meier & Co., Baltimore, Md.

EMPEROR OF ELBA.

HOW NAPOLEON CONDUCTED HIMSELF DURING EXILE.

The Powers Which Swayed the Larger World Shown to Good Advantage In His Pygmy Kingdom—The Darker Side of a Brilliant Career.

Elba was an island divided against itself, there being both imperialists and royalists among its inhabitants and a considerable party which desired independence. By representing that Napoleon had brought with him fabulous sums the Austrian and English commissioners easily won the Elbans to a fervor of loyalty for their new emperor. Before nightfall of the 4th the court was established, and the new administration began its labors. Having mastered the resources and needs of his pygmy realm, the emperor began to deploy all his powers, mending the highways, fortifying the strategic points and creating about the nucleus of 400 guards which were sent from Fontainebleau an efficient little army of 1,600 men. His expenses were regulated to the minutest detail both at home and abroad. The salt works and iron mines, which were the bulwarks of Elban prosperity, began at once to increase their output, and taxation was regulated with scrupulous nicety. By that supereminent virtue of the French burgher, good management, the island was made almost independent of the remnants of the Tuileries treasure (about 5,000,000 francs) which Napoleon had brought from France. The same powers which had swayed a world operated with equal success in a sphere almost microscopic by comparison.

Before long the Princess Borghese, separated soon after her marriage from her second husband and banished since 1810 from Paris for impertinent conduct to the empress, came, according to promise, to be her brother's companion, and Madame Mere, though distant in prosperity, came likewise to soothe her son in adversity. The intercepted letters of the former prove her to have been at least as loose in her life at Elba as ever before, but they do not afford a sufficient basis for the scandals concerning her relations with Napoleon which were founded upon them and industriously circulated at the court of Louis XVIII. The shameful charge has no adequate foundation of any sort.

Napoleon's economies were rendered not merely expedient, but imperative by the fact that none of the money from France was forthcoming which had been promised in his treaty with the powers. After a short stay Koller frankly stated that, in his opinion, it would never be paid and departed. The island swarmed with Bourbon spies, and the only conversation in which Napoleon could indulge himself unguardedly was with Sir Neil Campbell, the English representative, or with the titled English gentlemen who gratified their curiosity by visiting him. During the summer heats, when the court was encamped on the heights at Marciana for refreshment, there appeared a mysterious lady with her child. Both were well received and kindly treated, but they withdrew themselves entirely from the public gaze. Common rumor said it was the empress, but this was not true. It was the Countess Walewska, with the son she had borne to her host, whom she still adored. They remained but a few days and departed as mysteriously as they had come.

Baso females thronged the precincts of the imperial residence, openly struggling for Napoleon's favor as they had so far never dared to do. Success too frequently attended their efforts. But the one woman who should have been at his side was absent. It is certain that she made an honest effort to come, and apartments were prepared for her reception in the little palace at Porto Ferrajo. Her father, however, thwarted her at every turn, and finally she was a virtual prisoner at Schonbrunn.

So manifest was the restraint that her grandmother, Caroline, queen of the two Sicilies, cried out in indignation, "If I were in the place of Maria Louisa, I would tie the sheets of my bed to the window frame and flee." Committed to the charge of the elegant and subtle Neipperg, a favorite chamberlain, whom she had first seen at Dresden, he plied her with such insidious wiles that at last her slender moral fiber was entirely broken down and she fell a victim to his charms. As late as August Napoleon received impassioned letters from her. Then she grew formal and cold. At last, under Metternich's urgency, she ceased to write at all. Her French attendant, Meneval, managed to convey the whole sad story to her husband, but the emperor was incredulous and hoped against hope until December. Then only he ceased from his incessant and urgent appeals.—"Life of Napoleon; the Exile and His Return," by Professor W. M. Sloane, in Century.

Went One Better.

A tradesman in Sunderland had a lad in his employ. The lad's mother was a widow in bad circumstances; consequently the lad was poorly clad. The tradesman kindly proffered to get the boy a new suit of clothes, and the boy agreed to repay him at sixpence per week out of his wages.

The first Monday after this arrangement had been made the lad did not come to work as usual, and on his employer sending to inquire the reason his mother said, "He looked so respectable she was trying to get him a better job."—London Answers.

A friend of mine changed his boarding place last week, going to one of those houses that advertise home comforts and a motherly landlady, which generally means that she is a person who will pry into one's private affairs and read long letters left lying about. This particular landlady happens to regard drinking and smoking as particular devices of the devil, so when my friend began to praise a new brand of tobacco at the dinner table the other night she saw her chance and promptly chipped into the conversation.

"Smoking makes men utterly selfish," she said, as a starter, enunciating her words as if she were sawing ice into symmetrical blocks.

My friend was dazed for a moment, for he had not much experience with people who denounce everything as wrong which they do not personally fancy, but he quickly recovered and answered: "Possibly so, but after all it's a stand off, for abstinence from smoking seems to make people deucedly impolite. Or possibly you indulge a little? So many of the ladies enjoy their cigarettes nowadays."

Then the storm broke.—Boston Post.

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Kola Nervine Tablets are a specific for Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Dyspepsia, Hysteria, Hypochondria, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Sexual Exhaustion, Epilepsy, Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and premature old age, Loss of power, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Neuralgia, Pain in the Back, Nervous Headache, Backache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Headache, Backache, Nervous Prostration or Nervous Debility of whatever nature or caused by whatever habit, Kola Nervine Tablets are a positive cure. Kola Nervine Tablets are a specific for Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Dyspepsia, Hysteria, Hypochondria, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Sexual Exhaustion, Epilepsy, Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and premature old age, Loss of power, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Neuralgia, Pain in the Back, Nervous Headache, Backache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Headache, Backache, Nervous Prostration or Nervous Debility of whatever nature or caused by whatever habit, Kola Nervine Tablets are a positive cure.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are a specific for Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Dyspepsia, Hysteria, Hypochondria, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Sexual Exhaustion, Epilepsy, Nervous Debility, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and premature old age, Loss of power, Paralysis, Locomotor

YOU CAN'T EAT SOUP WITH A KNIFE.

You need spoons. Not tin spoons, that rust, or brass spoons that rorode, but first-class

Silver Plated Spoon,

that the HATHAWAY BROS. sell at a figure that is surprisingly low.

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We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

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Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. F. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist, J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Conference—Methodist, H. B. Pettigrew, pastor; Cornerstone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 317, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brother, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, Jr., D. Bradford, Sec'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; H. O. Hill, N. G.; M. Wescott, V. G.; J. D. Sykes, Rec. Sec'y; L. M. Stevens, Financial Sec'ry; W. W. Morrell, Treasurer;

Royal Encampment No. 8; E. F. Sawyer, C. P.; W. W. Morrisett, H. P.; Monroe Bright, S. W.; C. W. Belanga, J. W.; F. L. Garrett, Scribe; J. F. Pearce, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; S. F. Parker, Regent; N. Underwood, Vice Regent; S. Gurkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; J. H. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Price, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Financee Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; C. M. Burgess, Sachem; C. W. Belanga, Sr. Sagamore; J. P. Cohoon, Jr. Sagamore; J. D. Hathaway, Prophet; C. F. Barnard, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W. Meets every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, chairman; Fred Woodhouse, Frank Weeks, Joseph E. Harrell and Frank Godfrey.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John F. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

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Terms Reasonable.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, November 11, 1896.

☞The country is saved.

☞The PEOPLE have decided right.

☞Yes, he who laughs last laughs longest.

☞The work on the Dismal Swamp Canal is making encouraging progress.

☞The Democratic Salt River crafts are getting in readiness for the voyage.

☞In 1892 the Republican vote of Pasquotank for President was 1244. In 1896 it is 1519.

☞Three cheers for gallant little Dare! She has walked right into the Republican ranks, clubbing the ticket from top to bottom.

☞Let the Eagle scream! He knows his business. His voice is no particularly musical, but it is for the Union and the Flag every time!

☞The Democratic candidates for the Legislature were defeated in every county in the First Congressional District excepting in the county of Currituck.

☞No 50-cent dollars, no free trade for the American masses! The PEOPLE have spoken, and they stand for Protection, Honest Money and an American Administration!

☞President Cleveland breaks his silence most opportunely with a proclamation for Thanksgiving. He names November 26th as the glad day. The country is in a good mood for it.

☞Friend Josiah Nicholson, of Belvidere, will accept our thanks for his kind annual remembrance in sending us a copy of the "Minutes of North Carolina Yearly Meeting of Friends" for 1896.

☞The election is over. It is the duty of every citizen to bow to the popular will, for such it is, as McKinley is elected by a plurality of over 1,100,000 of the popular vote—the largest ever given.

☞One wing of the Populist party in Pasquotank loyally supported the plan of co-operation with the Republicans as recommended by the Populist District Convention at Edenton; the other formed a "mongrel" alliance with the Democrats! Since the election, these latter are all wondering "Where are we at?"

☞We see that the Supreme Court has affirmed the decision of the Superior Court in the case of C. E. Kramer and others against J. Y. Old and others, and rule that it is a violation of the contract existing between them for the defendants to use their time name or influence in competition with the plaintiffs.

☞The CAROLINIAN warned the people not to rely upon the statements made by the Democratic papers, and especially by the New York "Journal." But hundreds took, read and believed what they published, and bets were made and lost. Many now wish they had heeded the CAROLINIAN'S advice. It never misleads.

☞The popular antipathy toward and dread of science is due to ignorance of what science really is. People are scared by the words "science" and "philosophy," and consoled by the word "religion," yet the first two are absolutely necessary if the third is to be solid and enduring in its foundations.

☞The CAROLINIAN predicted in '92 that in the event of Cleveland's election with a Democratic House and Senate, times would rapidly grow worse instead of better And they did. It now predicts that after the inauguration of McKinley, with the House and Senate in harmony with him, times will grow better and better instead of worse.

☞The numerous letters we are receiving from different parts of the District, commending the good work of the CAROLINIAN and congratulating us upon the success of the policy we have advocated and the grand victory achieved—all are duly appreciated. We believed the policy the wise and true one and the result has vindicated us in every respect. The First District shows up all right.

☞Mrs Sarah Jane Eves, relict of the late Joseph Eves, of Salem, this county, died on Sunday at the residence of her son-in-law Mr. Taylor Forbes, on West Fearing street, where she had been to nurse her daughter, whose death is elsewhere announced. Her remains were taken to Salem for interment. Her age was 70 years. She came, with her family, to this county about twenty-five years ago from Muncy, Pennsylvania. She was a sister of Rev. P. W. Melick and the mother of Mrs Tho's P. Wilcox, both of this City. She was a lady highly esteemed by all who enjoyed her acquaintance.

☞Dare Court at Manteo this week.

☞The Edenton Fair is being held this week.

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, at rock bottom prices at Fowler & Co.'s

☞Mr. James F. Smith, of Perquimans, died on the 30th ult. aged 88 years.

☞Some genuine bargains in Men's and Boy's Clothing at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞How are you off for Blankets We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

☞A dollar will continue to continue to contain one hundred cents!

The 15c Windsor Ties at The Fair are equal to any in town at 25c.

☞Poets should not make the dropping of the autumn leaf such an event. It always comes off at this season.

☞Good values in Dress Goods and Hosiery at Fowler & Co.'s

☞That Kid Glove Moses Weisel is selling for 79c is a corker.

☞One of the tendencies of the times is to run to extremes, and it is a dangerous tendency on account of its narrowness and the almost certain reaction which follows it.

☞A "continuous performance" of bargains is shown at Moses Weisel's.

☞Northern, he co-operation candidate for Representative in Currituck was only beaten by 101 votes.

☞Men's all wool Sweaters 75c at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞With the best advantage it is costly business to winter stock. Keep only dairy cows, and those which will make rapid gain for the market Be sure and have the hogs to sell off before very cold weather, except the breeding stock and such as is needed for home use.

☞We now have a full line of Fall and Winter Samples of Wannamaker & Brown and have suits made to order and a fit guaranteed. The Fair.

The largest stock of Silks, Velvets and Trimmings at The Fair.

☞There are no short cuts. There is no royal road to knowledge. Many young men rely upon their smartness, others on their wealth or social position, but these without earnest, faithful work will not bring success.

☞Its a peach! that $1.25 Overcoats for boys at Moses Weisel's, sizes from 5 to 13 years, with capes.

The largest stock of Dress Goods in all the latest novelties at The Fair.

☞In a private note-book, found in the pocket of a recent departed minister, was jotted down these words: "When hearing something against somebody, judge charitably and don't circulate it." Also this injunction: "Help wall-flowers at a party,"

☞A wise man doesn't like to admit that he has been foolish twice in the same way. If he forgets to buy his Neckties of Moses Weisel one day, he manages to drop into the store the next time he needs a supply.

Window Shades in all colors at greatly reduced prices at The Fair.

☞The man who strengthens his mind is the one who wields power in the world over his fellow man. There is in each of us something that demands more knowledge. We must grow and we need mental food almost as much as we need physical nourishment.

☞THE BEST AND THE EASIEST way to save money and provide for your Family, is to insure in the State Mutual of Massachusetts. Apply to T. T. Whitcomb, Agent,

For Gum Boots and Oil Clothing write to Fowler & Co. Bottom prices.

Shad Nets, Gill Twine or Seine Twine in large quantities or small quanties at Fowler & Co.'s,

The Ladies Mcintoshes at The Fair were bought at a big bargain and you can get the benefit of it.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

The celebrated "Crack Proof" Children and Misses Shoes at The Fair are just the thing for school. Try a pair.

☞The man who has no happiness in life is one who doesn't wear Moses Weisel's perfect fitting shirts.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 6:32 and will set to-night at 4:55.—Yellow flowers are popular now.—Mr. Geo. C. Sanborn, of Snowden, called and paid his respects the other day.—Mrs. Taylor Forbes, residing on West Fearing street, died on the 4th inst. She was a sister of Mrs. T. P. Wilcox.—The Democratic rooster is still on the roost.—Miss Flora Brockett is attending school in Nashville, Tenn.—The Telephone Company have now about 100 'phones in operation.—Mr. J. A. Buxton, of Newport News, was here on a visit last week to the family of Dr. J. H. White on upper Main street.—The free silver white hats, like the Cleveland beavers, have gone to seed, and the silver coated canes are layed away with the Thurman bandannas of eight years ago.—Saith the Cynic:

The hand that spanks the baby,
So the legend has to run,
Is the hand that moulds his future
In this world of woe and fun.
'Tis not now the hand of woman—
She has other fates to fly—
So the father of each infant
Has to teach him how to cry!

—Mr. Chester Secker, of Washington, D. C., is spending sometime on business in our city. We acknowledge several pleasant calls.—"What do women know about politics, any way?" sneered a certain candidate a few days before election. "Well," ventured his wife "most of them know enough to keep out of it," and when the returns came in the wisdom of her words was made apparent.—Evidence is cumulative that a good deal of praying is done in public that God isn't expected to hear.—Don't be backward in coming forward and paying your debts.—The following was heard on the streets on election night:

Hark, from the tombs a mournful sound,
The country has raised the cry,
"Come Bryanites and see the ground
Where you must shortly lie."

—No, Mary, dear, carpenters do not clean their saws with a tooth brush.—Sensible Democrats hereabout are taking their medicine without making ugly faces, not because they like it but because they wisely submit to the inevitable. As for the other sort who, like silly fools, fume and "cuss," no self-respecting person pays any attention to them.—"Now," said a lawyer, "you have the whole thing in a nutshell. Don't you think it feasible?" "I don't doubt in the least that it's feasable," replied the client.—There are some Democratic editors who are apparently more in need of the Book containing the Ten Commandments than they are of a Dictionary.—The campaign Poet closes with the following:

Not a drum was heard, nor a funeral note,
As day on the third of November,
While Bryan was buried 'neath a mighty vote,
Which his friends will long remember.

—The editor of the CAROLINIAN is not disturbed by the gabble and the scribbling of the beaten "Mungrels." As for those who take exceptions to his active and successful efforts in defeating the attempt of the gang to defraud near a hundred citizens of their legal right to vote, he simply waves his hand and says:

"Shoo fly, don't bother me!"

—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Flora are off on a visit to New York.—Capt. John G. Ballance, of Hatteras, called on Monday. He reports Dare "all right."—In speaking of a certain man, a citizen inquired: "Is it true that he is financially embarrassed?" "He is awfully in debt, but it doesn't seem to embarrass him," was the answer.—Some girls can sweep in a room with more grace than they can sweep it out.—Rich relatives are generally found to be close and distant at the same time.—Remarks the Versifier:

The wheels of true love never ran
Along a rougher course
Than does the business of the man
Who would succeed per force;
And never to his aid does call
That most successful plan
Of advertising spring and fall
And ever when he can.

—The streets of Elizabeth City were never in better condition than they have been under the present administration.—We had a call yesterday from J. G. Harris, esq., the co-operative member-elect from Hyde. Russell, Skinner and the Co-operation Senators all received a majority. Bully for Hyde!—We acknowledge a basket of splendid Northern apples left at our office by Samuel R. Hazen, esq., of the First Ward. They were grown on the borders of Lake Ontario, N. Y. They are very fine.—The ballot box last week doubtless convinced a couple of local office-seekers that they are not as popular as they thought they once were.—A number of our people will attend the Edenton Fair to-day. Our Naval Reserves will also go.—Judge Timberlake called yesterday. He was on his way to hold Court at Manteo.

THE VOTE OF PASQUOTANK.

The following is the full vote of Pasquotank County. Republicans are marked r, Democrats d, and Populists p.

FOR PRESIDENT.

	votes
McKinley, r, received	1519
Bryan, d,	1037
Prohibition	6
Palmer, g d	3

FOR GOVERNOR.

Russell, r, received	1510
Watson, d,	938
Guthrie, p,	123
Jones, prohibition,	6

FOR CONGRESS.

Skinner, p, received	1688
Lucas, d,	860

FOR SENATORS.

Whedbee, r, received	1541
Newsom, r,	1618
Smith, d,	993
Cohoon, d,	972

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

Pool, r, received	1528
Whitehurst, d,	1026
Agerson, ind	1

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Culpepper, r, received	1579
Meads, p,	893
Sawyer, p,	42

FOR SHERIFF.

Wilcox, r, received	1550
Pritchard, p.	937

FOR TREASURER.

Morris, r, received	1522
Sawyer, p,	979

FOR CORRONER.

Ballance, r, received	1518
Wood, d,	1050

FOR COMMISSIONERS.

Charles E. Kramer, r,	1535
Francis M. Godfrey, p,	1547
William J. Williams, p,	1543
William J. Temple, d,	980
George M. Scott, d,	1019
J. Frank Weeks, d,	1019

MAGISTRATES.

The following Magistrates were elected:

Elizabeth City—Theophilus T. Whitcomb, Samuel R. Hazen, Arthur L. Jones, William H. Keaton, Benj. F. Spence.

Salem—Geo. W. Alexander, Jordan Parker, Geo. L. Overman.

Nixonton—Wm M. Price, John F. Brothers, James H. Halsey.

Mt. Hermon—Lorenzo D. Munden, Israel Perry, Timothy S. Onley.

Newland—William J. Williams, John H. Hinton, James W. Brite.

Providence—W. E. Wood, Richard Pritchard, Lemuel Whitehurst.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufacture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C

A NEW SUIT FOR $1.25.

In order to introduce our new work and secure agents, we will clean, dye and press a whole suit for $1.25. I will send with the privilege of examination before paying for same. I guarantee to give perfect satisfaction or pay full value for the goods.

I refer to any bank, business man or officer in this city.

D. W. C. HARRIS,
Steam Dye Works,
Raleigh, N. C.

BRANSON'S - - -

New State Directory of North Carolina

Should be in the office of every business man in the State, as well as those who do business with the State. Price $5. Order of Levi Branson, Raleigh, N. C.

Honest Money

Is not alone that which you earn, but that which you save. Come here to-morrow, come any day of the week, come when you will and see if the money we save you is not as honest in your pocket as it would be in the till of those who would

Charge You

more for goods. We have Child's Cape Overcoats, sizes 9 to 13 years, at $1.25, we will guarantee cannot be matched in the city at the price. We also have a

Man's Suit

square cut, color blue, for $2.50 that is a corker. We also have higher price Suits, goods that are equally as cheap, for $5.00 $5.50, $6.00, $6.50, $7,50 and up. We have

Dress Goods

that are the very latest 1896 Fall Styles from 10 cents to $2.00 per yard, a wide range of prices you will say, but the assortment is complete and fashionable.

Shoes

in an endless assortment and prices the very lowest. Investigate and know for yourself we are positively the lowest price house in the city.

Moses Weisel,

ELIZABETH CITY, N.C,

NG.Grandy&Co.

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City, N.C

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER-2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

A. P. T. L.

The American Protective Tariff League is a national organization advocating "Protection to American Labor and Industry" as explained by its constitution, as follows:

"The object of this League shall be to protect American labor by a tariff on imports, which shall adequately secure American industrial products against the competition of foreign labor."

There are no personal or private profits in connection with the organization and it is sustained by memberships, contributions and the distribution of its publications.

FIRST: Correspondence is solicited regarding "Membership" and "Official Correspondents."

SECOND: We need and welcome contributions, whether small or large, to our cause.

THIRD: We publish a large line of documents covering all phases of the Tariff question. Complete set will be mailed to any address for 50 cents.

FOURTH: Send postal card request for free sample copy of the "American Economist." Address Wilbur F. Wakeman, General Secretary 150 West 23d Street, New York.

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Subscribe for and read the Carolinian.

J. W. Holly, of Elenton, was in the city last week.

S. W. Harris spent last week visiting friends in Norfolk.

The Normal and Industrial Institute opened on Monday.

James White, of Norfolk, spent a few days here last week.

"Evangeline" was the selection of the Home Reading Circle on Monday evening.

Rev. R. W. Norman, of Mackey's Ferry, is stopping in the city.

Mrs. Mamie Danridge, of Boston, is visiting relatives in the community.

Mrs. Rosa Wilson, from Berkley, is spending a few days with friends in the town.

The revival services just closed at Mt. Lebanon Church resulted in the addition of several members to the congregation.

Rev. C. E. Askew, of Harrellsville, occupied the pulpit of Olive Branch Church on Sunday, delivering two very able sermons.

T. W. Watson, a former resident of this place but now of Hertford, came down on Satuday.

Miss Lottie Washington, of Washington, D. C., is in the city, the guest of Miss M. A. Newby.

A certain young lady seemed to have made due preparation for marriage last week, but the young man failed to come to time. Too bad.

Rev. J. W. Walters, D. D., the newly elected Bishop of the Virginia Conference to succeed Bishop Hood, is announced to preach at Mount Lebanon Church next Sunday.

The call to make arrangements for January 1st, 1897, should be promptly responded to. Generaly the matter is delayed too long, but by beginning in time a creditable celebration can be had. This is a mattor that should interest the entire colored population.

CURES.... SUMMER DISEASES

The Ideal Remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Cramps, Loss of Appetite, etc., is that standard of all medicines,

DR. KING'S ROYAL GERMETUER.

Thousands of Certificates attest the fact.

Mr. L. T. Collier, Kosciusko, Miss., says: "My bowels would act from ten to twenty times a day, of a bloody, mucus nature. My kidneys were very badly out of order. I was treated by the best physicians, and they said I could live but a short while. I then commenced using Royal Germetuer. In three weeks I could eat anything, and do as much work as ever. I continued the Germetuer, and can testify that I am entirely cured, and that Germetuer did the work."

☞It is as pleasant to take as lemonade, and builds up from the first dose. It cures disease by removing the cause.

Sold by Druggists, One Dollar.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

THE ATLANTA CHEMICAL CO., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Write for 48-page Book, Mailed Free.

Use GERMETUER PILLS and GERMETUER COUGH SYRUP.

ELIZABETH CITY STATE COLORED NORMAL SCHOOL.

320 young men and women, representing 24 counties, have received instruction in this institution since its openiug in 1891. A large number of these have taught successfully in the public schools of the State. The school affords thorough and practical instruction in normal and scientific branches and SPECIAL instructiou on good MORALS and MANNERS. Competent instructors are employed. Tuition is free. Board ranges from $6 to $7 per month.

The sixth annual session begins September 14th, 1896, and closes the fourth Friday in May, 1897. If you have a son or daughter to educate, consult the Principal, or write to him for a catalogue.

P. W. MOORE, A. M.,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Principal.

Roanoke Institute,

—FOR—

Males and Females,

Elizabeth City, Pasquotank Co., N. C.

This young institution offers first-class advantages to young men and women seeking an education. There are four departments of study, viz: Primary, English, Industrial and Theological. Instructors will be employed in each department eminently capable of doing excellent work in the school room. Special attention to Vocal and Instrumental Music. For further information apply to

M. W. D. NORMAN, A. M.
President.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

J. B. Leigh. Isaac Meekins

LEIGH & MEEKINS,

** Attorneys-at-Law. **

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

MONEY

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." ☞See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

"The FAIR" WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Department Store,

Have for several weeks been receiving their stock of Fall and Winter Goods, and invite an inspection of them by all. The several departments have been largely increased, and special attention is called to the very large exhibits of

DRESS GOODS,

CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS,

LADIES' WRAPS.

Our Facilties:

We have the Largest Store Rooms and the Largest Stock of Goods in the place.

Our Motto

is to furnish Better Goods for less money than any other house.

"THE BIG STORE"
—IS THE—
"PEOPLE'S STORE."

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in Clothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.

When Dobbins' Electric Soap was first made in 1865 it cost 20 *cents a bar*. It is *precisely* the same ingredients and quality *now* and *doesn't cost half*. Buy it of your grocer and preserve your clothes. If he hasn't it, he will get it.

To give work to the unemployed in Paterson, N. J., the Common Council of that city appropriated $5000, making a total of $13,000 appropriated for that purpose.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, regain lost manhood, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac from your own druggist. Under absolute guarantee to cure. Book and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

CASCARETS stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. 10c.

Towards the Setting Sun.

'Tis said that every land has its season, a time when nature smiles in all her scenic beauty. Mexico and California have opened their doors for the winter travel that seeks a more genial clime. The Southern Railway "Piedmont Air Line," in connection with the Southern Pacific, via New Orleans, offers the most attractive route. Taking a southerly course, no snow or ice, where the winds are mellow and the very air coaxes one to revel among the thousand charms of nature. The Southern Pullman Vestibuled Limited, operated solid between New York and New Orleans the year round, is one of the finest equipped vestibuled trains, carrying dining and sleeping cars, and, after November 9th, the Sunset Limited will resume its schedules to connect, thus giving the most superb service between New York and the Pacific coast. For further information call on or address Genl. Eastern Office Southern Railway, 271 Broadway

Are You Satisfied With What You Know

Or would you gladly improve your stock of knowledge? You may not have $50 or $90 you can spare for a 10-volume encyclopedia, but you can afford to pay fifty cents for a Hand Book of General Information. You won't want to pay even this unless you are desirous of improving your mind and believe that a five-hundred page book, filled with a condensed mass of valuable knowledge, will be read by you. This valuable Encyclopedia will be sent postpaid for fifty cents in stamps by the Book Publishing House, 53 Leonard St., N. Y. City. Every person who has not a large encyclopedia should take advantage of this great offer at once and store his mind with the valuable facts contained in this book.

The spasms of pain that rack the rheumatic are relieved by Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

HALL'S Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c

WHEN bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c., 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

FITS stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Free $2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

After six years' suffering I was cured by Piso's Cure.—MARY THOMSON, 229½ Ohio Ave., Allegheny, Pa., March 19, 1896.

JUST try a 10c. box of Cascarets, the finest liver and bowel regulator ever made.

Eyes

Ears and nose are all more or less affected by catarrh. The eyes become inflamed, red and watery, with dull, heavy pains between them; there are roaring, buzzing noises in the ears, and sometimes the hearing is affected; the nose is a severe sufferer, with its constant, uncomfortable discharge. All these disagreeable symptoms may be removed by the use of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

Give a Cent a Week.

A new wrinkle in charity projects has just been devised by the Salvation Army. It is called the "Mercy Box Fund," and its object is to secure sufficient money to carry on what is known in the army as social work.

The public all over the country will be asked to become contributors, and to this end 50,000 little boxes have been made and sent to the army posts for distribution. Ten thousands additional boxes are being manufactured. The persons on whom these boxes are bestowed are asked to give one cent a week and to induce others to do the same. The project is being looked after in a very systematic way, and it is believed the object of the movement will be secured without difficulty.—New York Journal.

Santa Barbara's Light Keeper.

One of the ablest of Uncle Sam's lighthouse-keepers is Mrs. Julia F. Williams at Santa Barbara. The lighthouse was built by her husband, Albert Williams, in 1856, under a Government Commission. For thirty years Mrs. Williams has been the sole official in charge, and is doubtless the senior in point of service of the twenty women lighthouse-keepers employed by the United States. Mrs. Williams was born on Campobello Island, on the Maine coast. She has reared half a dozen children while taking personal charge of the light.—Los Angeles (Cal.) Times.

Why is it that at a wedding men laugh and women weep?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It speedily relieves irregularity, suppressed or painful menstruations, weakness of the stomach, indigestion, bloating, leucorrhœa, womb trouble, flooding, nervous prostration, headache, general debility, etc. Symptoms of **Womb Troubles** are dizziness, faintness, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all this trouble as sure as the sun shines. That **Bearing-down Feeling,** carsing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. It is wonderful for Kidney Complaints in either sex.

NYNU—15

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS. 25 CTS.

M'KINLEY WINS

Republican National Ticket Gets an Electoral Majority.

SOME STATES ARE CLOSE.

Republicans Retain Control of the House of Representatives.

New York and the Other Middle and Eastern States Went Heavily For McKinley and Hobart---The Solid South Broken By Maryland, Kentucky and West Virginia---The Middle West Goes For the Republican Candidates---A Close Vote In Several States---The Silver States and Most of the Southern States Gave Majorities For the Democratic Ticket---Palmer and Buckner Polled Few Votes.

ESTIMATED ELECTORAL VOTE.

McKINLEY.			
California	9	New York	36
Connecticut	6	North Dakota	3
Delaware	3	Ohio	23
Illinois	24	Oregon	4
Indiana	15	Pennsylvania	32
Iowa	13	Rhode Island	4
Maine	6	South Dakota	4
Maryland	8	Vermont	4
Massachusetts	15	West Virginia	6
Michigan	14	Wisconsin	12
Minnesota	9		
New Hampshire	4	Total	261
New Jersey	10		

BRYAN.			
Alabama	11	North Carolina	11
Arkansas	8	South Carolina	9
Colorado	4	Tennessee	12
Florida	4	Texas	15
Georgia	13	Virginia	12
Louisiana	8	Washington	4
Kansas	10	Wyoming	3
Mississippi	9	Utah	3
Missouri	17	Idaho	3
Montana	3		
Nebraska	8	Total	170
Nevada	3		

CLAIMED BY BOTH SIDES.

Kentucky	13

Necessary to a choice, 224.

ESTIMATED PLURALITIES BY STATES.

	McKinley.	Bryan.
Alabama	....	29,000
Arkansas	....	50,000
California	50 0	....
Colorado	....	11,000
Connecticut	53,400	....
Delaware	1,500	....
Florida	....	8,000
Georgia	....	25,000
Idaho	....	10,000
Illinois	150,000	....
Indiana	18,000	....
Iowa	75,000	....
Kansas	....	12,000
Kentucky	....	....
Louisiana	....	20,000
Maine	48,000	....
Maryland	30,000	....
Massachusetts	168,000	....
Michigan	40,000	....
Minnesota	40,000	....
Mississippi	....	50,000
Missouri	....	50,000
Montana	....	15,000
Nebraska	....	6,000
Nevada	....	5,000
New Hampshire	30,000	....
New Jersey	72,700	....
New York	265,000	....
North Carolina	....	18,000
North Dakota	5,000	....
Ohio	60,000	....
Oregon	3,000	....
Pennsylvania	259,000	....
Rhode Island	23,700	....
South Carolina	....	....
South Dakota	3,000	50,000
Tennessee	....	10,000
Texas	....	10,000
Utah	....	15,000
Vermont	30,000	....
Virginia	....	15,000
Washington	....	5,000
West Virginia	8,000	....
Wisconsin	100,000	....
Wyoming	....	1,000

New York.

NEW YORK, November 4.—The elections show that McKinley and Hobart are to be the next President and Vice-President by a majority of the Electoral College votes. The voting has been very decisive in almost all of the States. The returns received in this city from the various States up to 2 a. m., are given below:

Palmer polled a very small vote for President.

The Fifty-fifth Congress will be Republican by a smaller plurality than that in the Fifty-fourth Congress. The free silver element will possibly be strengthened from the West.

McKinley's plurality in New York City will reach 21,000, while in the State it may exceed 260,000. Secretary Osborne, of the Republican National Committee, claimed that returns from the counties of the State indicated 260,000 plurality for the Republican Presidental candidate.

The latest returns showed the following results in New York City: For President, 1350 election districts out of 1392, give McKinley 150,615; Bryan, 13,015; Palmer, 5523. In 1248 districts a Republican gain of 56,733 over the vote of 1895 was shown. It also indicates that McKinley's majority in New York City is about 20,000. For Governor, 1200 election districts out of 1392 give Black 120 776; Porter, 115,923; Griffin, 6900; Balkam, 6963.

The plurality of 20,000 which was rolled up for McKinley is a change of 100,000 votes as compared with 1892, when Grover Cleveland carried the city by a plurality of 76,300 over Benjamin Harrison.

In Brooklyn McKinley also was victorious. Almost complete returns show his plurality in Kings County to be 28,000. The Republicans there will elect all five Congressmen, a gain of two, and they claim eighteen out of twenty-one Assemblymen.

Careful estimates received from every county in this State make McKinley's plurality not far from 250,000, or about 100,000 more than Morton's in 1894. McKinley carried every county in the State but Schoharie. Mr. Black runs from 25,000 to 30,000 behind McKinley, having had votes cast for McKinley withdrawn from him by the gold Democrats, who voted for Griffin, to demonstrate their strength. Mr. Black thus lost 12,000 votes in New York, 5,000 in Kings County, 4000 in Erie County, and 1000 votes in Rensselaer County.

Returns on the proposed Forestry amendment to the Constitution are meagre, but those that have come in, indicate its defeat by a heavy majority.

The result on Congressmen was as follows: Republicans 29; Democrats, 5. The most notable feature of the election of Congressmen was the success of James J. Belden, Independent Republican, who was the candidate of the McKinley League, indorsed by the Democrats, in the Twenty-seventh District.

The Republican majority in the Assembly was largely increased. The Assembly of 1897 will apparently have as its members 119 Republicans and 31 Democrats. There are now 36 Republican Senators, and 14 Democratic Senators. The Republican majority on joint ballot will be 110. This insures the election of a Republican as David B. Hill's successor in the United States Senate on March 4, 1897.

PRESIDENT-ELECT McKINLEY.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Nov. 5.—Indications from figures received indicate plurality in the State for McKinley of nearly 277,000. The twenty-one Congressional Districts heard from show the election of twenty Republicans and one Democrat. With the two Congressmen-at-large this gives the Republicans twenty-two Congressmen certain, with chances even for them in most of the remaining eight districts.

New Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., November 5.—From estimates received from all parts of New Jersey the indications are that the Republican electors have about 83,000 plurality in the State.

VICE-PRESIDENT-ELECT HOBART.

Eight Congressmen, sixty Assemblymen and eight State Senators were contested for by the people of New Jersey. The Democrats elected one State Senator and thirteen Assemblymen; Republicans, eight Congressmen, seven State Senators and forty-seven Assemblymen. The Congressmen elected were: First District, Henry C. Loudenslager (Rep.); Second District, John J. Gardner (Rep.); Third District, Benjamin Howell (Rep.); Fourth District, Maddon Pitney (Rep.); Fifth District, James F. Stewart (Rep.); Sixth District, R. Wayne Parker (Rep.); Seventh District, Thomas McEwan (Rep.); Eighth District, Charles N. Fowler (Rep.). A United States Senator to succeed James Smith, Jr., Democrat, whose term will expire March 3, 1899, will be elected this fall. He will be a Republican.

Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., November 5.—McKinley has swept the State by about 54,000 plurality in a total vote of 170,000. Lorin A. Cooke, of Winsted (Rep.), is elected Governor by a plurality of perhaps 35,000. The four Republican Congressmen are all re-elected by majorities ranging from 6000 to 15,000. The Legislature will stand 229 Republicans to thirty-seven Democrats, a majority of 192 on joint ballot, insuring the election of United States Senator Orville H. Platt to succeed himself.

Ohio.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, November 5.—The returns from Ohio show that McKinley has carried the State by 71,000 plurality. The entire State ticket, headed by Charles R. Kenney for Secretary of State, is elected by pluralities not less than that figure. Of the twenty-one Congress districts, the Republicans have carried eighteen and the Democrats two, leaving one district still in doubt. Later returns from country districts are expected to increase McKinley's plurality. The vote is the heaviest in the history of the State. Cleveland and Cuyahoga County have gone Republican by 6000 and re-elected both Republican Congressmen. Cincinnati went Republican by 16,000.

Illinois.

CHICAGO, Ill., November 5.—The head of the Republican National ticket, according to close estimates, has carried the State by at least 165,000 plurality. The Congress delegation will be almost solidly Republican, and the new United States Senator who succeeds John M. Palmer will be a Republican also. The latest figures show surprising gains for McKinley throughout Illinois. Tanner, Republican candidate for Governor, defeats Altgeld by about 125,000 plurality. Chicago and Cook County will give McKinley a plurality of more than 60,000.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Mass., November 5.—McKinley's majority over Bryan in Massachusetts is phenomenally large, probably 150,000, and the Republican State ticket is elected by nearly if not quite 130,000. Boston, heavily Democratic always, has given McKinley a majority of 20,000, and Wolcott (for Governor) one of 22,000. The Palmer and Buckner vote in the entire State is between 15,000 and 20,000.

Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., November 5.—McKinley has carried Indiana, but the size of his plurality is not known yet. The plurality for the Republican candidate will not be less than 10,000. This city will give between 7000 and 10,000 for McKinley. The vote cast is the largest in the history of the State. James A. Mount, the Republican candidate for Governor, is elected over Benjamin Shiveley, the Democratic candidate. According to the meagre returns at hand the following appear to be elected to Congress: Thomas Duncan (Dem.); Robert W. Meirs (Dem.); W. T. Sennor (Dem.); W. S. Holman (Dem.); James Clark Roapath (Dem.); Henry W. Johnson (Dem.); Jesse Overstreet (Rep.); Charles L. Henry (Rep.); Joseph B. Chendle (Dem.); G. D. Crumpacker (Rep.); George W. Steel (Rep.); J. M. Robinson (Dem.); L. M. Royse (Rep.).

Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 5.—McKinley has carried Kentucky by perhaps 12,000 on the basis of returns received together with concessions by Bryan men. The vote of the State will approximate the following: McKinley, 185,000; Bryan, 183,000; Palmer, 10,000. In Congressmen the Republicans have made great gains, having carried the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Districts. W. C. P. Breckenridge was defeated.

Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., November 5.—Chairman Ferry, of the Republican State Central Committee, claims Michigan by upward of 40,000 for McKinley and the election of all twelve Republican Congressmen. The Democratic Committee headquarters are closed, and members concede defeat. Pingree carries Detroit by 9000 for Governor. Detroit went for McKinley by 5000. The city of Port Huron shows a Republican gain of 550; Chippewa County, a Republican gain of 649; Manistee, a Republican gain of 1260, and the city of Ludington, 216. The Wayne Republican Committee claims the county by 10,000. This is a gain of over 11,000. H. S. Pingree, the Mayor of Detroit, is elected Governor by an enormous plurality.

HAZEN S. PINGLEE, OF DETROIT.
(Elected Governor of Michigan.)

Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., November 5.—Returns show that Bryan is making slight gains over 1894, when fusion conditions were the same. The vote of the city of Beatrice gives him a net gain of 119. If this is maintained elsewhere he has carried the State. Bryan's home precinct gives McKinley, 197; Bryan, 101; scattering, 17. The count of the ward is incomplete, but at about the same ratio. Careful estimates of the city of Lincoln indicate a plurality for McKinley of 1700. Holcomb, the fusion candidate, has run ahead of Bryan in nearly all sections reported. The Omaha World-Herald, of which Mr. Bryan formerly was the political editor, at midnight sent the following telegram: Late returns indicate that the State is safe for Bryan. Out of 1633 precincts, 174 give McKinley, 21,503; Bryan, 20,475.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 5.—The Republicans have made a clean sweep in Maryland, giving McKinley and Hobart a plurality of at least 30,000, and electing all six of the Congressmen by majorities which range from 4000 to 15,000. The vote in the counties has been a great disappointment to the Democratic managers who had expected that the State would go largely for free silver. Even the First Congressional District reversed its customary Democratic majority, and Joshua W. Miles, who represents it at present, went down in the general crash.

Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., November 5.—There are no returns from any precinct in the State at this hour, but private dispatches from all Congressional districts show a heavy vote by both sides. The Republicans have elected Broderick, Curtis and Harris to Congress, with the State and four districts extremely close.

FRANK S. BLACK.
(Elected Governor of New York.)

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

45

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been $1.25 a can of 40 quarts. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans	20,427
Condensed milk, cans	170
Cream, cans	399

BUTTER.

Creamery—Extras, ₩	—	@	20
Firsts	18	@	17
Thirds to seconds	11½	@	15
State—Fancy	17	@	18
Welsh tubs—Fancy	17	@	17½
Western Im. Creamery	10	@	14
Western Dairy	8	@	12½
Factory, firsts	10½	@	11½

CHEESE.

State—Fullcream, white, fancy	—	@	10½
Full cream, good to prime	—	@	9½
State Factory—Part skims, common to fair	2½	@	4½
Part skims, choice	8	@	8½
Full skims	2½	@	3

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh	20	@	21
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	23
Western—Prime to choice	18½	@	19
Southern—Best	—	@	—
Duck eggs, ₩ doz	—	@	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice	—	@	1 60
Medium, choice	—	@	1 35
Pea, choice	—	@	1 25
Red kidney, choice	1 50	@	1 60
White kidney, choice	1 55	@	1 60
Black turtle soup	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., ₩ 60 lbs	—	@	1 50
Green peas, 1896, bags	72½	@	75

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₩ bbl	2 50	@	5 50
Quinces, ₩ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Apples, Baldwin, ₩ bbl	1 00	@	1 12
King, ₩ bbl	1 25	@	1 62
Pears, Bartlett, ₩ bbl	2 00	@	4 50
Seckel, ₩ bbl	5 00	@	6 00
Grapes, Del., ₩ basket	15	@	15
Concord, ₩ basket	10	@	12

HOPS.

State—1896, choice, ₩ lb	—	@	11
1896, medium to prime	7	@	10
Pacific Coast, 1895, choice	—	@	7
Common to prime, 1895	3½	@	6
Olds olds, 1894	2½	@	2½

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Jersey, ₩ bbl	1 00	@	1 25
L. I., ₩ bbl	1 25	@	1 50
Sweet, ₩ bbl	75	@	1 50
Cabbage, ₩ 100	2 00	@	2 50
Onions, Eastern white, ₩ bbl	2 50	@	3 50
Red, ₩ bbl	—	@	1 75
Squash, ₩ bbl	60	@	75
Celery, ₩ doz. stalks	10	@	40
Carrots, ₩ bbl	60	@	75
Turnips, Russia, ₩ bbl	60	@	75
Tomatoes, ₩ box	25	@	50
Green peas, ₩ bag	1 50	@	2 00
Lima beans, ₩ bag	75	@	1 75
Egg plant, Fla., ₩ bbl	3 00	@	4 00
Cucumbers, Fla., ₩ crate	1 50	@	3 50
Green corn, ₩ 100	50	@	1 25
String beans, L. I., ₩ bag	1 25	@	1 50
Green peppers, ₩ bbl	50	@	1 00
Cauliflower, ₩ bbl	75	@	1 25
Pumpkins, ₩ bbl	40	@	75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₩ 100 lb	85	@	87½
Clover mixed	60	@	70
Straw—Long rye	90	@	95
Oat	37½	@	40

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₩ lb	8½	@	9
Chickens, ₩ lb	7	@	8
Roosters, ₩ lb	4½	@	5
Turkeys, ₩ lb	7	@	9
Ducks, ₩ pair	50	@	75
Geese, ₩ pair	1 00	@	1 50
Pigeons, ₩ pair	15	@	20

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₩ lb	5	@	12
Chickens, Phila., ₩ lb	9	@	15
Western, dry picked	5	@	8
Fowls, ₩ lb	6	@	8
L. I. Spring ducks, ₩ lb	14	@	15
Geese, ₩ lb	14	@	15
Squabs, ₩ doz	1 25	@	1 50

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Patents	5 20	@	5 45
Spring Patents	4 20	@	4 25
Wheat—No. 2 Red	—	@	—
December	—	@	—
Corn—No. 2	—	@	29¾
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	25
Ungraded White	22	@	31
Rye—No. 2 Western	43½	@	43¾
Barley—Feeding	27	@	27½
Seeds—Timothy, ₩ 100	3 50	@	4 00
Clover	6 75	@	8 25
Lard—City steam	—	@	4.6

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	6	@	8
Milch cows, com. to good	—	@	—
Calves, city dressed	7½	@	10½
Country dressed	7	@	9½
Sheep, ₩ 100 lbs	2 00	@	3 25
Lambs, ₩ 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 50
Hogs—Live, ₩ 100 lbs	3 80	@	4 20
Dressed	4	@	7

CABOT'S DISCOVERY OF AMERICA.

Arrangements to Commemorate It at Halifax Next Year.

At a meeting in Montreal of the Council of the Royal Society of Canada, presided over by Archbishop O'Brien, it was decided, in connection with the annual meeting of the society to be held at Halifax in June next, to hold a celebration in commemoration of the discovery of America by John Cabot in 1497-98. It was decided that invitations should be sent to the Mayor and municipality of Bristol, England, the port where Cabot sailed, and to the Historical and Geographical Societies of Great Britain and the United States, to send delegates to the Cabot celebration, which will begin on June 24, 1897. The governments of all the provinces and of Newfoundland will also be invited to send representatives. A committee was empowered to arrange for a suitable memorial to Cabot, to take either the form of a monument or a tablet. The public will be appealed to for funds with which to erect the memorial.

REWARDED FOR A KINDLY ACT.

Immense Fortune Falls to Mrs. Walker for Caring for a Dying Child.

Thirteen years ago Mr. and Mrs. William Walker, now of Brazil, Ind., resided in Santa Fe, New Mexico, and rented a house of a wealthy Spaniard named Marcia. He had one son, an only child, who was greatly worshiped by his parents. The boy took a malignant fever and during his illness Mrs. Walker, in a neighborly way, cooked many dainty things and cared for the little sufferer. He finally died. Mr. and Mrs. Walker moved to Brazil, Ind., where Mr. Walker died nine years ago. Mrs. Walker received information that Marcia had also died and in his will bequeathed to her his immense fortune, which would have fallen to his son had he been living.

Professorship for Nansen.

A bill is to be introduced by the Norwegian Government to create a professorship for Nansen at the University of Christiania. It was proposed to make a chair of polar exploration, but Nansen suggested that biology would suit him better. He was for nearly a stu lent of that science at the German Biological Institute in Naples.

Pastor Asks a Cut in Salary.

The pastor of a Presbyterian church in Easton, Penn., has asked that $500 be cut from his salary of $2500, because of the reduced revenue of the church.

Newsy Gleanings.

Ireland has 578 centenarians.

London has 140 cooking schools.

Missouri cattle are worth $28,000,000.

New York City is importing Belgian blocks.

Cripple Creek, Col., has 800 mining companies.

Florida's orange crop is estimated at 100,000 boxes.

On a six-year-old oleander tree at Hamilton, Mo., a seed pot six inches long has grown.

The convention of Wisconsin Chiefs of Police decided to introduce civil service methods.

American farms represent $13,000,000,000.

On the place of William Butler, near Dover, Del., the biggest sweet potato this year weighed 6¾ pounds.

Italy has demanded satisfaction of the Porte for the death of nineteen Italians, who were killed in a conflict with the Kurds. The Italians were working on the railway at Smyrna.

The only Russian Greek Church on the Pacific coast north of San Francisco was dedicated in Seattle, Wash., by Rt. Rev. Bishop Nicholas of the Diocese of Alaska and the Aleutian Islands.

Minister Denby at Pekin has informed the Secretary of State that the Chinese Government has contracted with the Baldwin locomotive works of Philadelphia for eight locomotives for the Imperial Chinese railways.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

Private Secretary Thurber said that the President had begun the preparation of his annual message, and, as has always been the custom, would be obliged to deny himself to the public until it was completed. The month of November is usually devoted to this task.

Advices received in Washington are that the Moorish pirates attacked another French vessel near Morocco, but were pursued and defeated by a Spanish steamer.

The President appointed Isaac M. Elliott, of New York, Consul at La Guayra, Venezuela, and Horace L. Washington, of Texas, Consul at Alexandretta, Syria. The President has recognized Carlo Magenta, Consul of Italy, at New Orleans, and Emile Jaques Reithmann, Consul of Switzerland, at Denver.

Colonel Charles Heywood, commanding the United States Marine Corps, in his annual report to Secretary Herbert, urges that the commanding officer of 2600 men is entitled to the rank of brigadier-general. He says that although Congress, at its last session, increased the corps 500 men, a further increase is imperative, and the number of officers is altogether inadequate.

United States Consul Hurst at Prague reports to the State Department that the Austrian Government is about to treble the duty on glucose, to effectually bar out the better and cheaper article from America. Within five months the United States shipped 2,640,000 pounds of this commodity into Austria, paying a duty of $2.50 for every 220 pounds.

Domestic.

One thousand gunners hunted deer on Long Island on the first day of the open season.

Henry H. Adams, former Treasurer of Kings County, New York, was arrested on an indictment charging misappropriation and was admitted to bail.

The Siegel-Cooper Company, New York City, telegraphed to William Jennings Bryan, the defeated candidate for President, offering the position of manager of their law department at a yearly salary of $25,000 to him.

A bold attempt was made to "hold up" the "Katy" train near Alvarado, Texas; no booty was secured.

O. F. Hall, confidential man for the Stockmans Commission Company, of Chicago, has disappeared; the cash assets of the company are also missing.

The half burned body of John Mudgett, a wealthy rancher of Usal, Cal., was found in the ruins of his home by W. H. Davis, a neighbor. Mudgett lived alone on an immense tract of land. He was a reputed hoarder of wealth, and it was rumored that he had money stored about the house. His body bore unmistakable evidence of death by violence before the flames reached him. Both lower limbs were missing.

The Bay State Gas Company passed under the control of members of the Standard Oil Company.

The parade of the golf forces in New York City on the Saturday before election was one of the largest affairs of the kind ever held. It was estimated that about a hundred thousand men marched. The parade was in motion seven hours and thirty-five minutes.

A blizzard prevailed throughout the western and central part of Wisconsin. Snow began to fall early in the morning. Heavy falls are reported from Watertown, Grand Rapids, Mauston, Beaver, Dam, Chilton, Juneau, Horicon, and a number of other places.

A desperate fight took place on a train near Beattyville, Ky., between John Hargis and Jerry Caldwell, in which the former was instantly killed and the latter fatally wounded. Hargis was a cousin of Judge Hargis, the prominent Louisville lawyer, and ex-Judge of the Kentucky Court of Appeals.

The Ohio collateral inheritance tax law, on its way to the Supreme Court, was sustained at Columbus in the Circuit Court.

R. S. Illingsworth was shot and killed at David's Lake, North Dakota, by Thomas S. Cordner, City Treasurer, and a leading politician and business man. Cordner says the shooting was in self-defence.

An attempt of convicts to break out of Erie County (New York) Penitentiary was foiled by the storekeeper locking the gate and running away with the key amid a shower of bullets.

August Schroder, who calls himself the "Divine Healer," ministered to several afflicted persons at Bayonne, N. J.

The greater part of the business portion of the town of Manilla, Ind., was wiped out by the most disastrous fire in its history. The town has no Fire Department, and Rushville was called on for aid.

A sad fatality happened at Shirley, Mass., when two Lancaster girls, Grace Maynard and Louise Scribner, were struck by a westbound express, which dashed out from behind a freight train they were waiting to pass. Miss Scribner was killed and Miss Maynard severely injured internally. The horse was killed and the carriage shattered.

"Oklahoma Bill," alias William Payne, alias Pratt, has committed suicide at Kansas City, Mo., by shooting. He is said to have been a member of the Dalton gang of outlaws, and was out on bonds on a charge of highway robbery, committed in Oklahoma. Sickness and worry over his trial, which was to come up, caused him to take his life.

Andrew Smith Musgrove died at his residence at Marshallsea, Penn., recently. Musgrove's head weighed over sixty pounds, while the rest of his body only weighed fifty-eight and one-half. He was twenty-eight years old.

Herman Levison, a pioneer jeweler and millionaire, of San Francisco, Cal., is dead, leaving an estate worth $3,000,000.

A mad horse got loose in Vineland, N. J., injured two men, but was at last caught and shot.

Julius Mannow was hanged at the County Jail in Chicago for the murder of Carey B. Birch.

Frank T. Lee's Gold Legion, while parading through Fair Haven, Conn., was attacked and one man was shot through the arm and another knocked senseless with a brick.

A Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton coal train ran into a switching train in which were three loaded oil tank cars at Whitman, Ohio. The oil tanks caught fire and a violent explosion followed. Engineer A. L. Jacobs, of Lima, was killed. Timothy Regan, an iron moulder of Springfield, beating his way on the train, was fatally injured.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Allen, of Marysville, Montana, quarreled about the right of the father to punish their twelve-year-old son. The wife and mother ordered Allen to desist, but when he paid no attention to her she fired at her husband. She missed him, but shot and killed the boy. She then fired two more shots at her husband. One ball fractured his skull. The other broke his arm.

The Grand Jury in the United States Circuit Court, Boston, Mass., indicted Thomas Bram, first mate of the barkentine Herbert Fuller, for the murder of Captain Thomas Nash, his wife Laura, and Second Mate Bamberg on board the Herbert Fuller last July.

Stephen S. Gregory, a Fellow in Civil Engineering at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., who entered this fall from the University of Texas, was found dead a few days ago. It was said at the house that Mr. Gregory committed suicide by taking potassium cyanide.

The residence of a farmer named Robinson, living near Woodville, Mich., was destroyed by fire, and Mrs. Robinson and a child were burned to death. Robinson was badly burned.

Foreign Notes.

McKinley's election sent American securities up with a rush on all the foreign exchanges and gave general business a great impetus throughout Europe.

Edward John Poynter, R. A., was elected President of the Royal Academy.

In the French Chamber of Deputies M. Denys interpellated the Government on the Armenian question; great excitement ensued.

The town of Huelva, Spain, in the Province of that name, has been swept by a tidal wave from the Atlantic Ocean. No details are given, but the report says it is known that the loss of life has been terrible. The steamer Cartagena was overwhelmed by the great wave, and most of the persons on board of her were drowned.

Several floods are reported in Sicily. The country around Palermo is inundated. Three persons have been drowned.

Consul-General Lee sailed from Havana for the United States.

A cyclone swept over Madrid, Spain, and Province of Seville, wrecking a great many houses and killing and injuring a number of their inhabitants. The storm covered a wide area, in which the wires were prostrated, cutting off communication and greatly delaying the appeals for assistance made by the sufferers.

The Right Rev. Dr. Creighton has been appointed Bishop of London, in succession to Dr. Temple, who was recently made Archbishop of Canterbury.

The Grand Jury of the Clerkenwell Sessions, London, found a true bill against Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, Cal., on a charge of shoplifting.

The editor of the Mark Lane Express, London, says that everything points to an improved market for wheat until a succession of bounteous harvests drives prices down again.

BICYCLE "SCORCHING."

A TWO MONTHS' SICKNESS THE RESULT OF A COLLISION.

Mrs. Alice Hodgkinson Run Down by a "Scorcher" and Narrowly Escapes Death---She Suffers Intensely for Several Months, but Finds Relief and a Cure in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

From Union and Advertiser, Rochester, N. Y.

The bicycle brought grief and sickness to the happy family of Hodgkinsons of this city four years ago. Death nearly followed